The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 10. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1899. NO. 44

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 20, 1898.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M
New York....	8.00	12.15	.....	.....	9.00	2.00
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.30	7.00	8.30	12.25	4 35
Washington ...	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.50	.....	8.40	11.45	.....

	D'ly A.M	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. P. M.	Dly PM.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.50	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	4.15	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.35	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	.....	6.38
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	5.07	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.27	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1,49	.....	.....	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11.00	2.06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.08	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon, ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.27	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h	l	8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3 12	2.40	7.04	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.23	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.40	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	2.00
	PM.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10.31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.06 Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58, p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	Dly PM.	D'ly. P. M.	D'ly. P. M.
Pittsburg.....	2.50	8.00		12.45	4.30
Altoona..... 5.00	7.15	11.40	2.05	5.50	9.05
Bellwood..... 5.12	7.30	11.52	2.19	6.04	9.19
Tyrone 5.24	7.48	12.03	2.35	6.20	9.33
Birmingham . 5.28	7.53	g	2.40	6.24	
Petersburg ... 5 45	8.17		3.03	6.47	
Huntingdon....5.57	8.30	12.35	3.17	7.00	10.12
Mapleton. 6.11	8.47		3.35	7.15	
Mt. Union.....6.16	8.53	12.54	3.42	7.21	10.32
N. Hamilton ...6.21	8.58		3.47	7.26	
McVeytown....6.37	9.15		4.08	7.44	
Lewiston Jc....6.58	9.35	1.33	4.33	8.06	11.16
Mifflin 7.18	9.55	1.50	4.55	8.26	11.37
Port Royal.....7.22	9.59		5.00	8.31	
Thompsontown7.37	10.14		5.18	8.47	
Millerstown. ...7.46	10.22		5.28	8.57	
Newport 7.55	10.32	2 24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon. ...8.20	10.54	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville 8.33	11.07	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville. 8.38	11.12		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....8.50	11.25	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 2.50, Altoona 6.05, Tyrone 6.27, Huntingdon 6.57, Harrisburg 9.10 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P M	P.M.	A.M
Baltimore.....	11.55	*3.11	6.00	9.45		
Washington..	1.00	*4.10	7.15	10.55		
Phila.....	11.48	11.52	*3.00	6.23	10.20	4.30
New York 2.13	2.23	*5,53	9.30	3.53		7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40p.m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt Sts. 8.08; W. Twenty-third St. Station 8.20 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p.m., Washington 7.15 p.m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7 30 A. M. and 3.05 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 6.40, 10.20 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 7.05 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue, and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Sept 7, 1898.

NORTH. Irreg., No. 5.	Mail, No. 3	Mail, No. 1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	Mail, No. 4	Irreg., No. 6.
a.m.	P.M.	a.m		A. M.	p m.	a. m.
7 22	1 07	6 20	Robertsdale	11 39	6 39	7 04
7 34	1 19	6 32	Cook's	11 24	6 27	6 54
7 46	1 31	6 44	Cole's	11 09	6 15	6 34
8 14	1 59	7 10	Saltillo	10 39	5 30	6 01
8 22	2 07	7 17	Three Springs	10 30	5 21	5 54
8 34	2 19	7 29	*Beersville	10 15	5 07	5 42
8 49	2 34	7 43	Rockhill	9 53	4 44	5 30
	2 50	8 00	Shirley	9 38	4 29	
	3 00	8 08	*Augh. Mills	9 30	4 21	
	3 21	8 28	Mount Union	9 15	4 06	
a. m.	p. m.	m		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irreg. No. 7, leaves Robertsdale 5.03 p. m., Cook's 5.13, Cole's 5.25, Saltillo 5.45, Three Springs 5.53, Beersville 6.05, arrive at Rockhill 6.20 p. m.

Irreg. No. 8, leaves Rockhill 3.10 p. m., Beersville 3.22, Three Springs 3.34, Saltillo 3.41, Cole's 4.06, Cook's 4.18, arrive at Robertsdale 4.30 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg., No. 12.	Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg., No. 9	Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 25	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 55
5 43	7 18	*Blacklog	6 37	5 02
5 35	7 10	*Cedar Rock	6 45	5 10
5 31	7 06	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 14
5 25	7 00	*Shade Gap Stair	6 55	5 20
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Jan. 29—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—God's army.—Ps. xx, 1-9. (Christian Endeavor day.)

Ancient kings of Israel before going to battle offered up bloodless offerings and whole burnt sacrifices in the temple unto God. This ninth psalm was probably intended to be sung while the king on such an occasion was making these offerings. The psalm consists of three parts. 1. The prayer of the congregation probably chanted by the Levites while the smoke of the sacrifices ascended to heaven (verses 1-5). 2. The king himself takes up the strain and expresses his faith in God (verses 6-8). 3. The congregation respond, praying again, "God save the king" (verse 9).

The army of ancient Israel going forth to battle against the heathen nations of the world may be symbolical of God's army today going forth to battle against the kingdoms of the world. Such a conflict is constantly being waged. The kingdoms of satan and of this world are constantly arrayed against the kingdom of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. The battle rages more fiercely every day. The elements of evil contend against the elements of good, and each one of us is enlisted on the one side or the other. The desire for victory is the great ambition of one who goes forth to battle. In this psalm we have pointed out what God's army must do today to have success and victory. Let us study these essentials to success.

1. God's army to succeed must be willing to make sacrifices. The king made sacrifices before going forth to battle. God's church, God's people, must be willing to make sacrifices today to be successful. It costs something to win battles. War is expensive to the victor as well as to the vanquished. It will cost God's people today money, time, labor, sacrifice, to war successfully against the powers of evil, but victory will pay for all the cost.

2. God's army to succeed must pray to God. This both the people and the king did. God decides the destinies of men. God gives victory or defeat. How necessary, then, that we should earnestly and fervently beseech Him to be with us in our struggles.

3. God's army to succeed must set up its banners in the name of the Lord. "In the name of our God we will set up our banners" (verse 5). To expect even to succeed we must be sure that we are advocating the cause of God. We must not confound the cause of self or of the world with God's cause. We must be on God's side rather than expect God to be on our side. This will give us a just and worthy cause, an essential to success. "Thrice is he armed who hath his quarrel just."

4. God's army to succeed must trust in God. "Some trust in chariots, some in horses, but we will remember the name of the Lord our God" (verse 7). Faith in God is an absolute essential for success in fighting for God. Our trust must be in Him rather than in man. The battle is not to the strong, but to those who put their faith and trust in God.

Bible Readings.—Ps. xxvii, 1-6; xxxiii, 12-20; Prov. xxi, 31; Eccl. ix, 11; Isa. xxxi, 1-3; Amos. ii, 14-16; Hosea i, 7; Jer. ix, 23, 24; Zech. iv, 1-6; Rom. xii, 1, 2; II Cor. iii, 5; Gal. vi, 9; Eph. vi, 10-18; Phil. iv, 12, 13; II Tim. iv, 7, 8.

Heroism Without Suffering.

There is sometimes as much merit in taking pains for Christ's sake as in suffering pain. We are more apt to conceive of a saint as one ready to expire for Christ's cause than as one ready to perspire for it, but the call to duty is oftener one to patient, plodding, thoroughgoing fidelity in little things, rather than one to yield up the life in some supreme act of sacrifice. A mother who takes the trouble daily to teach her child, patiently and wisely, how to conquer the evils in the world against which it needs to guard, may be more truly the savior of the child than if she threw herself into the flames to rescue its body from death. The fidelity to details that makes a life luminously consistent and Christlike may be a stronger argument than martyrdom for the truth. Conscientious living often counts for more than conscientious dying.—Sunday School Times.

No Sure Sign.

Prominence in the church is no sure sign of personal piety and certain safety. Christ denominated the heads of the ecclesiastical departments of His day as a "generation of vipers," whose warning to flee from the wrath to come was as daring, and their heeding that warning was as astonishing as its worthlessness would be proved unless they "brought forth fruits meet for repentance." Hypocrisy will save no man because he happens to be the head of some ecclesiastical department.—Church Standard.

Nevers for Boys.

Never make fun of old age; no matter how decrepit, or unfortunate, or evil it may be. God's hand rests lovingly on the aged head.

Never use intoxicating liquors as a beverage. You might never become a drunkard; but beer, wine, and whisky will do you no good, and may wreck your life. Better be on the safe side. Make your influence count for sobriety.

Never make sport of one of those miserable creatures—a drunken man or woman. They are wrecks; but God alone knows the stress of the storms which drove them upon the breakers. Weep, rather than laugh.

Never tell nor listen to the telling of filthy stories. Cleanliness in word and act is the sign manual of a true gentleman.

Never cheat nor be unfair in your play. Cheating is contemptible anywhere at any age. Your play should strengthen, not weaken, your character.

Never call anybody bad names, no matter what anybody calls you. You cannot throw mud and keep your own hands clean.

Never be cruel. You have no right to hurt even a fly needlessly. Cruelty is the trait of a bully; kindliness the mark of a gentleman.

Never lie. Even white lies leave black spots on the character. What is your opinion of a liar? Do you wish other people to have a like opinion of yourself?

Never make fun of a companion because of a misfortune he could not help.

Never hesitate to say no, when asked to do a wrong thing. It will often require courage—the best kind of courage, moral courage; but say no so distinctly that no one can possibly understand you to mean yes.

Never quarrel. When your tongue gets unruly, lock it in—if need be bite it. Never suffer it to advertise your bad temper.

Never make comrades of boys who are continually doing and saying evil things. A boy, as well as a man, is known by the company he keeps.

Never be unkind to your mother and father. When they are dead and you have children of your own, you will discover that even though you did your best, you were able to make only a part payment of the debt you owed them. The balance you must pay over to your own children.

Never treat other boys' sisters better than you do your own.

Never fancy you know more when fifteen years old than your father and mother have learned in all the years of their lives. Wisdom is not given to babes.

Never lay aside your manners when you take off your fine clothes.

Never be rudely boisterous at home or elsewhere.

Never forget that God made you to be a joyous, loving, lovable, helpful being. Be one.—*The Independent.*

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of la grippe. During the epidemic of la grippe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or la grippe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for bad colds and la grippe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Mr. Sprouter—An heirloom, Johnnie, is something that's handed down from father to son.

Little Johnnie—Huh! That's a funny name for pants!

Christianity Works Out.

The mathematically exact man, who insists always on a demonstration, will do well to con this little anecdote of Dr. Pentecost and the atheist who would not believe the Bible because he did not know its author.

"My friend," said Dr. Pentecost, "is not the multiplication-table a work of authority with mathematicians?"

"Most certainly."

"Do you happen to know who is the author of the multiplication table?

"No."

"Then I assume as a matter of fact, being a scientific man and a conscientious sceptic, you never use the multiplication-table."

"O yes," he replied; "it proves itself to be true by its work."

"Then, my friend," said the great preacher, "leaving on one side all those hair-splitting questions of academic science and criticism, shall we not be allowed to say that we know that the Bible is a work of absolute authority in religion and morals—whether we know its human authors or not—because it works well in its own sphere, just as the multiplication-table works well and truly in its own sphere?"—*Ex.*

What is commonly known as heart disease is frequently an aggravated form of Dyspepsia. Like all other diseases resulting from Indigestion, it can be cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

La Grippe Successfully Treated.

"I have just recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas. "In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'" For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Soothing, healing, cleansing, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the implacable enemy of sores, burns and wounds. It never fails to cure Piles. You may rely upon it. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

A farmer stopped in front of a Michigan city electric light plant and asked a bystander: What is that air buildin'—a factory? No, a plant, came the answer. What do they raise there? Currents, replied the quick-witted bystander. What are they worth a bushel? We sell them by the shock. The farmer pulled his beared, scratched his head and drove down town to market his vegetables.

When you ask for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve don't accept a counterfeit or imitation. There are more cases of Piles being cured by this, than all others combined. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Say this real fast: Suppose six seasick sisters meet six sickers, sicking six sick dogs on six sickly cats, and like sixty the six sickly cats seek a slick sycamore, shall the six sickly cats and the six seasick sisters seem sicker?

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on B. O'Connor & Sons' and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

CALIFORNIA.

Extraordinary Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

America is a great country. In variety and grandeur of natural scenery it is unrivaled. To traverse it, to behold its diversities and its wonders, is a liberal education, a revelation to the immured metropolitan citizen. The Personally-Conducted Tour to California under the direction of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which leaves on February 9, affords a most excellent opportunity to view the vast variety and boundless beauty of this marvelous land. The party will travel over the *entire route* in the model Pullman train of smoking, dining, sleeping and observation cars exhibited at the World's Fair, Chicago, and subsequently at Atlanta, Nashville and Omaha. This train will be placed in service for the first time on this occasion, and will be in charge of a Tourist Agent and Chaperon who will look after all details of the trip, as well as the individual welfare of members of the party. Stops will be made at Mammoth Cave, New Orleans during Mardi Gras Carnival, El Paso, Los Angeles, San Diego, Redlands, Riverside, Pasadena, Santa Barbara, Monterey, Del Monte, Santa Cruz, Mount Hamilton, Menlo Park, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Glenwood Springs, Colorado Springs, Manitou and Garden of the Gods, Denver and Chicago. Nineteen days will be spent in California. Round-trip rate, *including all necessary expenses during entire trip*, $400 from all points on the Pennsylvania Railroad System east of Pittsburg; $395 from Pittsburg. For itinerary and full information apply to ticket agents; Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 1-11-3t

A cough is not like a fever. It does not have to run a certain course. Cure it quickly and effectually with One Minute Cough Cure, the best remedy for all ages and for the most severe cases. We recommend it because it's good. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

An Irishman who wished to come to America shipped on board a vessel as sailor. During the voyage across the Atlantic a friend of his, who was also a sailor, died. Pat had known him in the old country. It is the custom when a person dies at sea to sew the body up in a sack, hang a weight to it, to make it sink, and drop it overboard with a prayer. Well, when O'Rourke died, they had no shot to weight it with, so had to put in two or three big lumps of coal instead. Pat was there to see the last of his friend. When the sack was lowered into the water Pat said with tears in his eyes: Oi always knew O'Rourke to be a bad man, and Oi often towld him where he was goin' phin he doid, but Oi didn't tink he'd have to take his own coal wid him.

Late to bed and early to rise, prepares a man for his home in the skies. But early to bed and a Little Early Riser, the pill that makes life longer and better and wiser. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at B. O'Connor & Sons. Every bottle guaranteed.

Speaker Reed recently wanted to see a political friend and wired him to come immediately to Washington. The friend started at once, but was delayed by a washout on the railroad. He repaired to a telegraph office and sent this message to the czar: Washout on the line; can't come. In due time he received the following message from the speaker: Buy a new shirt and come anyway.

When you have eaten too much, or when you suffer from any form of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, remember that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It cures the worst forms of Dyspepsia. A. B. Gillam and J. O. Heaton.

The Thing to Do.

When the Sciatic nerve gives its worst torment in the shape of Sciatica, the one thing to do is to use St. Jacobs Oil promptly and feel sure of a cure.

An Iowa Judge has decided that the life insurance of a voluntary bankrupt is an asset.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

A great exhibit of American automobiles will be seen at the Paris Exposition.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

By a recent judicial decision the Chinese can be barred from Hawaii.

That Pimple

On Your Face is There to Warn You of Impure Blood.

Painful consequences may follow a neglect of this warning. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and it will purify your blood, cure all humors and eruptions, and make you feel better in every way. It will warm, nourish, strengthen and invigorate your whole body and prevent serious illness.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price, $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Force of Habit.

A trick of habit to be noticed in many returned volunteer soldiers was publicly observed at the horse show the other day. An exhibitor, who was an officer and did good work in Cuba, was approached by his groom to receive orders. The orders given, up flew the hand of the groom to his hat. But, to the astonishment of every one around, up also flew the hand of the ex-soldier to his hat, and the groom's gesture was responded to with a military salute. In a moment the smile of the ex-officer showed that he realized what a victim of habit he had become, but the first impulse appeared to be irresistible. "The fact is," commented another ex-soldier, "it will be some time before any of us get over the habit of returning a salute. Thanks to those long months of practice, it has become a kind of second nature."—New York Evening Sun.

RELIEF FROM PAIN.

Women Everywhere Express their Gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham.

Mrs. T. A. WALDEN, Gibson, Ga., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before taking your medicine, life was a burden to me. I never saw a well day. At my monthly period I suffered untold misery, and a great deal of the time I was troubled with a severe pain in my side. Before finishing the first bottle of your Vegetable Compound I could tell it was doing me good. I continued its use, also used the Liver Pills and Sanative Wash, and have been greatly helped. I would like to have you use my letter for the benefit of others."

Mrs. FLORENCE A. WOLFE, 515 Mulberry St., Lancaster, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For two years I was troubled with what the local physicians told me was inflammation of the womb. Every month I suffered terribly. I had taken enough medicine from the doctors to cure anyone, but obtained relief for a short time only. At last I concluded to write to you in regard to my case, and can say that by following your advice I am now pefectly well."

Mrs. W. R. BATES, Mansfield, La., writes:

"Before writing to you I suffered dreadfully from painful menstruation, leucorrhœa and sore feeling in the lower part of the bowels. Now my friends want to know what makes me look so well. I do not hesitate one minute in telling them what has brought about this great change. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough. It is the greatest remedy of the age."

INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 316

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to **CURE** Tobacco Habit.

RHEUMATISM CURED—Sample bottle, 4 days' treatment, postpaid, **10** cents. ALEXANDER REMEDY CO., 246 Greenwich St., N.Y.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: "The Power of Perseverance"—The Successful Are Not the Most Brilliant, But Those Who Everlastingly Stick to One Line of Endeavor.

TEXT: "But when the children of Israel cried unto the Lord, the Lord raised them up a deliverer, Ehud the son of Gera, a Benjamite, a man left handed; and by him the children of Israel sent a present unto Eglon, the king of Moab."—Judges iii., 15.

Ehud was a ruler in Israel. He was left handed, and what was peculiar about the tribe of Benjamin, to which he belonged, there were in it 700 left handed men, and yet so dexterous had they all become in the use of the left hand that the Bible says they could sling stones at a hairbreadth and not miss. Well, there was a king by the name of Eglon, who was an oppressor of Israel. He imposed upon them a most outrageous tax. Ehud, the man of whom I first spoke, had a divine commission to destroy that oppressor. He came pretending that he was going to pay the tax and asked to see Eglon. He was told that he was in the summer house, the place to which the king retired when it was too hot to sit in the palace. This summer house was a place surrounded by flowers and trees and springing fountains and warbling birds. Ehud entered the summer house and said to Eglon that he had a secret errand with him. Immediately all the attendants were waived out of the royal presence. King Eglon rises up to receive the messenger. Ehud, the left handed man, puts his left hand to his right side, pulls out a dagger and thrusts Eglon through until the shaft went in after the blade. Eglon falls. Ehud comes forth to blow a trumpet of liberty amid the mountains of Ephraim, and a host is marshaled, and proud Moab submits to the conquerer and Israel is free. So, O Lord, let all Thine enemies perish! So, O Lord, let all Thy friends triumph!

I learn first from this subject the power of left handed men. There are some men who by physical organization have as much strength in their left hand as in their right hand, but there is something in the writing of this text which implies that Ehud had some defect in his right hand which compelled him to use his left. Oh, the power of left handed men! Genius is often self-observant, careful of itself, not given to much toil, burning incense to its own aggrandizement, while many a man with no natural endowments, actually defective in physical and mental organization, has an earnestness for the right, patient industry, all consuming perseverance, which achieve marvels for the kingdom of Christ. Though left handed as Ehud, they can strike down a sin as great and imperial as Eglon.

I have seen men of wealth gather about them all their treasures, snuffing at the world lying in wickedness, roughly ordering Lazarus off their doorstep, sending their dogs, not to lick his sores, but to hound him off their premises; catching all the pure rain of God's blessing into the stagnant, ropy, frog inhabited pool of their own selfishness—right handed men worse than useless—while many a man with large heart and little purse has out of his limited means made poverty leap for joy and started an influence that overspans the grave and will swing round and round the throne of God world without end.

Ah, me! It is high time that you left handed men, who have been longing for this gift and that eloquence and the other man's wealth, should take your hands out of your pockets. Who made all these railroads? Who set up all these cities? Who started all these churches and schools and asylums? Who has done the tugging and running and pulling? Men of no wonderful endowments, thousands of them acknowledging themselves to be left handed, and yet they were earnest, and yet they were triumphant.

When Garibaldi was going out to battle he told his troops what he wanted them to do, and after he had described what he wanted them to do they said, "Well, general, what are you going to give us for all this?" "Well," he replied, "I don't know what else you will get, but you will get hunger, and cold, and wounds and death. How do you like it?" His men stood before him for a little while in silence and then they threw up their hands and cried, "We are the men! We are the men!" The Lord Jesus Christ calls you to His service. I do not promise you an easy time in this world. You may have persecutions, and afterwards there comes an eternal weight of glory, and you can bear the wounds, and the bruises, and the misrepresentations, if you have the reward afterward. Have you not enough enthusiasm to cry out, "We are the men! We are the men!"

We laugh at the children of Shinar for trying to build a tower that could reach to the heavens, but I think if our eyesight were only good enough we could see a Babel in many a dooryard. Oh, the struggle is fierce! It is store against store, house against house, street against street, nation against nation. The goal for which men are running is chairs and chandeliers and mirrors and houses and lands and presidential equipments. If they get what they anticipate, what have they? Men are not safe from calumny while they live, and, worse than that, they are not safe after they are dead, for I have seen swine root up graveyards. One day a man goes up into publicity, and the world does him honor, and people climb into sycamore trees to watch him as he passes, and as he goes along on the shoulders of the people there is a waving of hats and a wild huzza. To-morrow the same man is caught between the jaws of the printing press and mangled and bruised, and the very same persons who applauded him before cry, "Down with the traitor! down with him!"

Belshazzar sits at the feast, the mighty men of Babylon sitting all around him. Wit sparkles like the wine and the wine like the wit. Music rolls up among the chandeliers; the chandeliers flash down on the decanters. The breath of hanging gardens floats in on the night air. The voice of revelry floats out. Amid wreaths and tapestry and folded banners a finger writes. The march of a host is heard on the stairs. Laughter catches in the throat. A thousand hearts stop beating. The blow is struck. The blood on the floor is richer hued than the wine on the table. The kingdom has departed. Belshazzar was no worse perhaps than hundreds of people in Babylon, but his position slew him. Oh, be content with just such a position as God has placed you in! It may not be said of us, "He was a great general," or "He was an honored chieftain," or "He was mighty in worldly attainment," but this may be said of you and me. "He was a good citizen, a faithful Christain, a friend to Jesus." And that in the last day will be the highest of all eulogiums.

I learn further from this subject that death comes to the summer house. Eglon did not expect to die in that fine place. Amid all the flower leaves that drifted like summer snow into the window, in the tinkle and dash of fountains, in the sound of a thousand leaves fluting on one tree branch, in the cool breeze that came up to shake the feverish trouble out of the king's locks—there was nothing that spake of death, but there he died! In the winter, when the snow is a shrond, and when the wind is a dirge, it is easy to think of our mortality, but when the weather is pleasant and all our surroundings are agreeable, how difficult it is for us to appreciate the truth that we are mortal! And yet my text teaches that death does sometimes come to the summer house. He is blind and cannot see the leaves. He is deaf and cannot hear the fountains. Oh, if death would ask us for victims we could point him to hundreds of people who would rejoice to have him come. Push back the door of that hovel. Look at the little child—cold, and sick, and hungry. It has never heard the name of God but in blasphemy. Parents intoxicated, staggering around its straw bed. Oh, death, there is a mark for thee! Up with it into the light! Before those little feet stumble on life's pathway give them rest.

Here is an aged man. He has done his work. He has done it gloriously. The companions of his youth all gone, his children dead, he longs to be at rest, and wearily the days and the nights pass. He says, "Come, Lord, Jesus, come quickly!" Oh, death, there is a mark for thee! Take from him the staff and give him the scepter! Up with him into the light, where eyes never grow dim, and the hair whitens not through the long years of eternity. Ah, Death will not do that. Death turns back from the straw bed and from the aged man ready for the skies and comes to the summer house. What doest thou here, thou bony, ghastly monster, amid this waving grass and under this sunlight sifting through the tree branches? Children are at play. How quickly their feet go and their locks toss in the wind. Father and mother stand at the side of the room looking on, enjoying their glee. It does not seem possible that the wolf should ever break into that fold and carry off a lamb. Meanwhile an old archer stands looking through the thicket. He points his arrow at the brightest of the group—he is a sure marksman—the bow bends, the arrow speeds! Hush now. The quick feet have stopped and the locks toss no more in the wind. Laughter has gone out of the hall. Death in the summer house!

Here is a father in midlife. His coming home at night is the signal for mirth. The children rush to the door, and there are books on the evening stand, and the hours pass away on glad feet. There is nothing wanting in that home. Religion is there and sacrifices on the altar morning and night. You look in that household and say, "I cannot think of anything happier. I do not really believe the world is so sad a place as some people describe it to be." The scene changes. Father is sick. The doors must be kept shut. The deathwatch chirps dolefully on the hearth. The children whisper and walk softly where once they romped. Passing the house late at night, you see the quick glancing of lights from room to room. It is all over! Death in the summer house!

Here is an aged mother—aged, but not infirm. You think you will have the joy of caring for her wants a good while yet. As she goes from house to house, to children and grandchildren, her coming is a dropping of sunlight in the dwelling. Your children see her coming through the lane, and they cry, "Grandmother's come!" Care for you has marked upon her face with many a deep wrinkle, and her back stoops with carrying your burdens. Some day she is very quiet. She says she is not sick, but something tells you you will not much longer have a mother. She will sit with you no more at the table nor at the hearth. Her soul goes out so gently you do not exactly know the moment of its going. Fold the hands that have done so many kindnesses for you right over the heart that has beat with love toward you since before you were born. Let the pilgrim rest. She is weary. Death in the summer house!

Gather about us what we will of comfort and luxury. When the pale messenger comes, he does not stop to look at the architecture of the house before he comes in, nor, entering, does he wait to examine the pictures we have gathered on the wall, or, bending over your pillow, he does not stop to see whether there is color in the cheek or gentleness in the eye or intelligence in the brow. But what of that? Must we stand forever mourning among the graves of our dead? No! No! The people in Bengal bring cages of birds to the graves of their dead, and then they open the cages and the birds go singing heavenward. So I would bring to the graves of your dead all bright thoughts and congratulations and bid them sing of victory and redemption. I stamp on the bottom of the grave, and it breaks through into the light and the glory of heaven. The ancients used to think that the straits entering the Red sea were very dangerous places, and they supposed that the wrecked that have gone through those straits would be destroyed, and they were in the habit of putting on weeds of mourning for those who had gone on that voyage, as though they were actually dead. Do you know what they called those straits? They called them the "Gate of Tears."

After the sharpest winter the spring dismounts from the shoulder of a southern gale and puts its warm hand upon the earth, and in its palm there comes the grass, and there comes the flowers, and God reads over the poetry of bird and brook and bloom and pronounces it very good. What, my friends, if every winter had not its spring, and every night its day, and every gloom its glow, and every bitter now its sweet hereafter! If you have been on the sea, you know, as the ship passes in the night, there is a phosphorescent track left behind it, and as the water rolls up they toss with unimaginable splendor. Well, across this great ocean of human troubles Jesus walks. Oh, that in the phosporescent track of His feet we might all follow and be illumined!

There was a gentleman in a rail car who saw in that same car three passengers of very different circumstances. The first was a maniac. He was carefully guarded by his attendants. His mind like a ship dismasted, was beating against a dark, desolate coast, from which no help could come. The train stopped and the man was taken out into the asylum to waste away perhaps through years of gloom. The second passenger was a culprit. The outraged law had seized on him. As the car jolted the chains rattled. On his face were crime, depravity and despair. The train halted, and he was taken out to the penitentiary, to which he had been condemned. There was the third passenger, under far different circumstances. She was a bride. Every hour was as gay as a marriage bell. Life glittered and beckoned. Her companion was taking her to her father's house. The train halted. The old man was there to welcome her to her new home, and his white locks snowed down upon her as he sealed his word with a father's kiss. Quickly we fly toward eternity. We will soon be there. Some leave this life condemned culprits, and they refuse to pardon. Oh, may it be with us that, leaving this fleeting life for the next, we may find our Father ready to greet us to our new home with Him forever! That will be a marriage banquet! Father's welcome! Father's bosom! Father's kiss! Heaven! Heaven!

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR JANUARY 29.

Lesson Text: "Christ at Jacob's Well," John iv., 5-15—Golden Text: John iv., 14—Commentary on the Day's Lesson by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

5. "Then cometh He to a city of Samaria, which is called Sychar, near to the parcel of ground that Jacob gave to his son Joseph." He is anointed with the Holy Ghost and with power and goes about doing good, seeking never His own will, but always the will of His Father, and all His steps as well as all His words and actions are ordered by the Father (Acts x., 38; John vi., 38; xiv., 10; Ps. xxxvii., 23). To live such a life is the business of the Christian, and Christ in us will live that life if we yield fully to Him.

6. "Now Jacob's well was there. Jesus, therefore, being wearied with His journey, sat thus on the well, and it was about the sixth hour." As we said in a previous lesson, probably 6 a. m., according to John's way of counting. He would be journeying early, so as to avoid the heat of the day. He is weary, for He is truly man and in all points tempted like as we are. We have not a high priest who cannot be touched with a feeling of our infirmities. He knoweth our frame; He remembers that we are but dust.

7. "There cometh a woman of Samaria to draw water. Jesus saith unto her, Give me to drink." For our sakes He put Himself in the limitations of a mortal body, liable to weariness, hunger, thirst, suffering and death. He who made all things and upholds all things made Himself dependent upon the ministry of others for the necessities of life. He fed millions with manna for nearly forty years and brought water from the rock at His pleasure.

8. "For His disciples were gone away unto the city to buy meat." He who said, Come, buy wine and milk without money and without price (Isa. lv., 1) sends His disciples to buy with money things necessary for the body. It is very difficult for us to believe the extent of His humiliation. We cannot understand how rich He was nor how poor He became for our sakes (II Cor. viii., 9), but we can look up gratefully and say, Lord, I thank Thee for bearing it for me!

9. "How is it that Thou, being a Jew, askest drink of me, which am a woman of Samaria? For the Jews have no dealings with the Samaritans." Thus answered the woman Samaria. How different from Rebekah when Eliezer said, Let me drink, I pray thee (Gen. xxiv., 45, 46). See in II Kings, 17, the origin of these Samaritans. Do good unto all, especially to the household of faith, and give to him that asketh thee are good precepts to remember and practice, for not only is it more blessed to give than receive, but not even a cup of cold water given in the name of a disciple shall lose its reward (Acts xx., 35; Math. x., 42).

10. "Jesus answered and said unto her, If thou knewest the gift of God and who it is that saith to thee, Give Me drink, thou wouldst have asked of Him, and He would have given thee living water." The gift of God is the Son of God, as we saw in last lesson (3-16). If the woman had ever learned what we call Isa. lv., she might now have thought of the words, "Ho, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters!" and have said, Art Thou He of whom Isaiah wrote? If she had known Jer. ii, 13, she might have asked, Art Thou a fountain of living water? But she knew not these things; she was not living unto God, yet her soul was precious in God's sight.

11. "The woman saith unto Him, Sir, Thou hast nothing to draw with, and the well is deep. From whence, then, hast Thou that living water?" Whether it be rich, religious flesh, as in Nicodemus, or poor, sinful flesh, as in this woman, it is in either case ignorant of spiritual things. The well is too deep, and the natural man has nothing to draw with. The woman unwittingly described her own condition in her words to our Lord. She thought only of natural water, a rope and a bucket. She did not know the words of Isa. xii., 3, "With joy shall ye draw water out of the wells of salvation." He testified what He knew and had seen. Those who believe His testimony proclaim Him as the Truth, but those who receive not His testimony make Him a liar. Let us as faithful witnesses proclaim what we have heard and seen (I John i., 3).

12. "Art Thou greater than our father Jacob, who gave us the well and drank thereof himself and his children and his cattle?" In chapter viii., 53, the rulers ask Him, "Art Thou greater than our father Abraham? Greater than Solomon or Jonah (Math. xii., 41, 42), greater than prophets or patriarchs, greater than angels or archangel, one with God the Father, God manifest in the flesh, how meekly He bore it all, to be so unknown, so misunderstood! Are you, for His sake, willing to have some one far beneath you socially or intellectually spoken of as better than you, and can you keep still? Can you bear to hear some other land or city honored above yours and be meekly quiet because your city is New Jerusalem?

13. "Jesus answered and said unto her, Whosoever drinketh of this water shall thirst again." Both literally and figuratively true. The first the woman could grasp, for she came often to draw water, but the second she understood not. But few have yet learned that the waters of this world cannot satisfy, and the multitudes seek the pleasures of sin, which satisfy but for a season. They hew themselves out cisterns that can hold no water (Heb. xi., 25; Jer. ii., 13).

14. "But whosoever drinketh of the water that I shall give him shall never thirst, but the water that I shall give him shall be in him a well of water, springing up into everlasting life." Christ in us, the hope of glory is a well that not only abundantly satisfies, but is ever springing up to refresh others. It is possible to be satisfied with favor and full with the blessing of the Lord (Deut. xxx., 23), so occupied with God that the pleasures of this world have no power over us. In chapter 1 we have water in connection with the forgiveness of sins, in chapter 2 water in connection with the wine of the kingdom at the mariage of the Lamb, in chapter 3 water in connection with the first step toward the kingdom. Here we have an advance, for every believer may be a well of water if only willing.

15. "The woman saith unto Him, Sir, give me this water, that I thirst not, neither come hither to draw." She still thought only of natural water, but soon, as His love and wisdom continued to deal with her, she began to see herself a sinner. Then she saw Him as the Messiah and her Saviour, she received Him as such, and joy so filled her that she forgot all else but Him and ran to bear the glad tidings to others.—Lesson Helper.

Stanford Estate to Be Distributed.

A decree of distribution of the estate of Leland Stanford was filed in the Probate Court at San Francisco, Cal. The estate was appraised at $15,000,000. After small gifts to nieces, nephews and other relatives, the residue goes to Mrs. Stanford. The property includes $822,327 cash in the Nevada Bank.

The Motes in a Sunbeam.

Counting the dancing motes in a bar of sunlight sounds like one of those hopeless, never ending tasks with which malignant fairies delight to break the spirits of little heroines in the German folk stories. Something more than this, however, has been achieved by modern science, which is now able to count the particles floating in any given portion of the atmosphere, and determine what portion of these are dangerous germs and what are mere dust.

Dr. Frankland's experiments have shown us how to count the microorganisms, and now a Scotch scientist, by a totally different method, has been enabled to take stock of the more harmless, but hardly less interesting, dust motes. Thirty thousand such particles have been detected by him in the thousandth of a cubic inch of the air of a room. In the outside atmosphere in dry weather the same measurement of air yielded 2119, whereas after a heavy rainfall the number was only 521.

That this power of prying into atmospheric secrets will eventually yield very important results must be obvious to all. Among the most curious discoveries already made is the direct and constant relation which exists between dust particles and fogs, mist and rain.—Pearson's.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

The dreariest thing is wasted love.

A man doesn't begin to love till his passion becomes of age.

The more a woman studies finance the surer she is that nothing makes a thing so clear as a pattern.

Probably Cupid's success is due to the fact that he has only one string to his bow.

If there were no such thing as love, there would be no such thing as music in the world.

Whenever you see a self-made man you can be pretty sure it's more than half some woman's fault.

No man achieves success as long as he is a contradiction to himself, or as long as he is not a contradiction to a woman.

There are two women in the average man's life—the woman he wants to marry and the woman he wishes he wanted to marry.

When a woman resolves to spread sunshine and happiness around her she begins by carrying a sad, wistful look in her eyes and talking in a low, mournful voice.—New York Press.

Massachusetts is the only State in the Union in which the judges are appointed to hold their office during good behavior. There are seven States in which the judges are appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate or of the Council; five in which they are elected by the Legislature, and thirty-three in which they are elected by the people.

At Worms, Germany, the city pays male teachers from $350 to $750 a year, female teachers from $325 to $525.

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REVOLUTION IN SAMOA.

Malietoa Tanus Was Declared King and Severe Fighting Followed.

MATAAFA'S MEN BURN A TOWN.

German Consul Assumed Authority, Causing the British Warship to Clear For Action and to Land Marines — Mataafa's Followers Are Victorious—A Provisional Government Established.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand (By Cable).—A violent outbreak has occurred in Samoa, and according to advices the situation for the British, American and German officials there is very serious. These dispatches say that Chief Justice Chambers on December 31 declared Malietoa Tanus to have been elected King, in succession to the late King Malietoa. The Chief Justice also announced that Tamasese had been elected Vice King. Chief Mataafa was declared to be disqualified, and this caused a clash between the parties, resulting in bloodshed and loss of life, Mataafa's followers rising against those of Malietoa Tanus.

The Consuls of the United States and Great Britain and the Captains of the German warship Falke and the British warship Porpoise met the German Consul, who refused to recognize Malietoa Tanus and declined to co-operate in the dispersal of the Samoans, who thereupon assembled in large numbers at Mulinu, armed themselves, and surrounded the municipality.

Malietoa Tanus and Tamasese mustered about 2000 men, well armed, but supplied with defective ammunition. The British and American Consuls endeavored to avert hostilities, but they commenced on January 1. Malietoa Tanus and Tamasese fought bravely, but 500 of their followers were captured. Then, disheartened and outnumbered, the two chiefs sought refuge on the British warships and their followers sought protection under the guns of the Porpoise.

Mataafa's loss was sixty-one killed and wounded and Malietoa Tanus lost twelve men killed and wounded. After the fight the followers of Mataafa looted and burned Apia, burned 400 houses and razed the town of Upolu, destroyed the plantations, cut down the bread fruit trees and pillaged considerably in the country.

The American, English and German Consuls have issued a proclamation recognizing the provisional Government set up by Mataafa with President Raffel of the Municipal Council as the executive head. On January 6 Raffel, with the concurrence of the German Consul, declared himself Chief Justice. The British and American Consuls protested against this action, and on January 7 Captain Sturdee, of the Porpoise, cleared his ship for action and landed a force of marines. The marines took possession of the court, and the British and American flags were raised over Chief Justice Chambers's house and the Court House.

The provisional Governor announced on January 12 that he would seize Malietoa and take Tamasese off the Porpoise by force if necessary, deprive them of their titles and expel them from the islands.

The British and American consuls have protested against any infringement of the Berlin treaty. British residents have taken refuge in their consulates, and the American residents and Malietoa Tanus have taken refuge in the mission, which is being guarded by the Porpoise.

An American war ship is urgently needed.

WILL MAINTAIN OUR RIGHTS.

The Situation in the Samoan Islands is Regarded Serious in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The situation in the Samoan Islands is realized here to be full of gravity. For some time past there has been an exchange of correspondence between the three Governments party to the treaty of Berlin respecting the choice of a successor to the late King Malietoa, and some friction has developed owing to the strict adherence of the United States Government to the terms of the treaty.

It was known here that the British and American consular officers at Apia have been acting in accord in the present involved political situation, and although the interests of the United States may not be compared with those of Germany, yet their rights under the treaty are equal, and it may be stated they will be maintained.

CLEVELAND BRIDGE WRECKED.

A Flood Caused by the Breaking of an Ice Dam Destroyed the Structure.

CLEVELAND, Ohio (Special).—A costly steel bridge crossing Kingsbury Run, at Williston avenue, was wrecked a few days ago by a flood caused by the bursting of an ice dam a mile or more above the structure.

The dam burst on Sunday, after the heavy rains of Friday night and Saturday. The great flood of water liberated came rushing down the ravine to the culvert under the bridge. There the water backed up until many acres of the surrounding fields were covered. When the obstruction was removed the torrent rushed through with such force that the foundations of the bridge piers were undermined one after another.

The bridge was about 300 feet long. It cost about $100,000, and was opened for traffic last summer.

A MONKEY PUTS OUT A FIRE.

Left Alone at Home, It Smothers a Blaze With Old Clothes.

BELLEVILLE, Ill. (Special).—Mrs. Peter Minetti, of this city, owns a monkey and confines it in a wire cage. A few days ago Mrs. Minetti put some fresh coal on the grate fire, locked up the house, and went to visit some friends. A lump of burning coal fell to the floor and set fire to the carpet.

The monkey broke out of the cage and hurried into an adjoining room, secured some articles of wearing apparel, and threw them over the burning carpet, completely smothering the flames.

When Mrs. Minetti returned home the monkey was sitting beside its cage, carefully nursing two badly burned paws. The timely action of the monkey averted a conflagration.

Arkansas's Governor Inaugurated.

Governor Jones and the other State officers of Arkansas were sworn in at Little Rock a few days ago in the presence of the legislative joint assembly and a large crowd of spectators. Governor Jones's inaugural message dwelt entirely upon State matters.

COLUMBUS'S BONES LANDED.

A Solemn Ceremony Attending Their Transfer to the Cathedral of Seville.

SEVILLE, Spain (By Cable).—The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Giralda arrived here Thursday morning with the reputed ashes of Columbus on board, which had been transferred from the cruiser Conde de Venadito, on which they were brought from

DUKE OF VERAGUA.

(Descendent of Columbus who represented the King and Queen Regent of Spain in the re-interment of the discoverer's bones at Seville.)

Havana. The municipal authorities took charge of the coffin on board. The Giralda fired a salute, to which the land batteries replied, and the procession was then formed and the coffin transferred to the celebrated Cathedral of Seville.

The route to the cathedral from the wharf was thronged, troops and sailors being drawn up on each side of the way. The Chapter of the Cathedral received the remains, which will lie in state until finally placed in the vault. After another salute the funeral service was celebrated in the presence of an enormous crowd.

The entire ceremony was mournful even beyond what is customary at public funerals. The people seemed to recognize that the interment of the Spanish colonial empire was symbolized by the ceremony. The Duke of Veragua, who is a descendant of Columbus, represented the King and Queen Regent.

MRS. GEORGE INDICTED.

Her Former Counsel Tells of Her Threats Against George D. Saxton.

CANTON, Ohio (Special).—The Grand Jury has indicted Mrs. Annie E. George for murder in the first degree for the killing of George D. Saxton, brother of Mrs. McKinley, on the evening of October 7. The bill is in four counts, each count covering one of the four shots which took effect in the body of Saxton. It is known that damaging testimony was given by an attorney who appeared in several cases in which Mrs. George was interested. This attorney is W. O. Werntz, who was the law partner of James Sterling, one of the attorneys engaged to defend Mrs. George at present.

Mr. Werntz appeared before the Grand Jury and testified. It is understood that he testified that Mrs. George had said to him that she thought she would get two revolvers, kill Saxton with one and throw the other at his feet, pleading self-defence. She also spoke of shooting Saxton and then throwing the revolver away so as to appear unarmed if accused.

TRIED SUICIDE TOGETHER.

Two Sixteen-Year-Old Girls Take Morphine and One of Them Dies.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. (Special).—Tammie Church and her cousin, Florence Johnson, attempted suicide with morphine at Miss Johnson's home a few days ago. Each is sixteen years old. Miss Church had failed to receive a letter from a sweetheart and had become despondent. She read of the suicide of a well-known man the previous day, and this, it is thought, made her determined to die. Her cousin is supposed to have taken the drug out of sympathy with Miss Church. They bought ten cents' worth of morphine at a drug store.

Early in the morning Mrs. Johnson heard heavy breathing in the girl's room, and going in found her daughter unconscious and Miss Church dead. Miss Johnson will recover. Miss Church lived in Gallatin, Tenn. She was here on a visit.

GENERAL LAWTON OFF TO MANILA.

American Troops For the Philippines Going by Way of the Suez Canal.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The United States transport Grant, having on board General Lawton, who is to command the United States military forces in the Philippines, the Fourth United States Infantry and a battalion of the Seventeenth United States Infantry, sailed for Manila Thursday morning.

As the ship passed Governor's Island a salute of thirteen guns, in honor of Major-General Lawton, in charge of the expedition, was fired. As she passed through the Narrows the Grant was saluted by Forts Hamilton and Wadsworth. All the way through the harbor the shipping tooted in honor of the departing troops, and when they reached Sandy Hook a rapid-fire battery gave them their final send-off.

The Grant is the first troopship to convey American soldiers by the Suez Canal to the Pacific Ocean.

A GIRL AN INCENDIARY.

Lizzie Taylor, Aged Fourteen, of Bristol, Conn., Sent to an Asylum.

BRISTOL, Conn. (Special).—Lizzie Taylor, fourteen years old, the adopted daughter of W. S. Taylor, of this place, has been committed to the Connecticut Hospital for the Insane suffering from an acute mania for incendiarism. The child has confessed to the setting of seven fires in Bristol during the last eighteen months. Of these fires two resulted in the total destruction of two fine barns owned by Mr. Taylor, and a third partially destroyed the Taylor homestead. The confession clears up the origin of the very mysterious fires which have excited the residents of Bristol for some time.

The girl was detected a few days ago in the act of firing the house again by igniting paper in the attic.

German Emperor's Employes.

There are 1500 people upon the German Emperor's list of employes, including 350 women servants, who are engaged in looking after the twenty-two royal palaces and castles that belong to the crown. Their wages are small. The women receive not more than $12 a month and the men servants from $15 to $25 a month.

A German tourist visiting Naples, Italy, after an absence of a few years, writes that he hardly knew the place, so great are the inroads made by the wide modern streets into the dirty but picturesque quarters of "old Naples."

Taken Hold.

We can wake up from sleep and find that soreness and stiffness have taken hold of us. We can use St. Jacobs Oil and go to sleep and wake up and find ourselves completely cured.

An advance of $2 per ton for wire and wire nails was announced at Cleveland, Ohio.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The last Arkansas cotton crop is the largest ever raised in the State.

To Florida Resorts.

The Plant System reaches the finest resorts in Florida, Cuba, Jamaica and Porto Rico. Tickets by both rail and water from the East. Tri-weekly steamship service between Port Tampa, Key West and Havana. Beautifully illustrated literature, maps, rates, etc., upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Pass. Agent, Plant System, 261 Broadway, New York.

Kenosha, Wis., is to have a new library building, being the gift of the Mayor.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York

A street in New York City, now in course of construction, will be named Dewey avenue.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There are said to be more Presbyterians in Pennsylvania than in any other State.

Warmth and Strength.

The cold of winter certainly aggravates rheumatism, and at all seasons St. Jacobs Oil is its master cure. It imparts warmth and strength to the muscles, and cures.

Auto-trucks can be run twenty-five miles on one charge of air.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Spain has been notified not to send any more criminals to Cuba.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. GRAIN-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

The Lincoln monument at Springfield, Ill., is decaying and is in need of repairs.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

An order was recently placed with a company for 250 auto-trucks.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1. All druggists.

There were two banks in New York City in 1800.

Hoxsie's Croup Cure

Acts directly on the delicate tissues of the throat and prevents the formation of the white membrane as in diphtheria. 50 cents.

Chicago has 648 churches, and Philadelphia has more than 600.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Pure running water is met with everywhere in Porto Rico.

Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer knocks Colds.—JOHN DARGANELL, 444 Fargo Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 17, 1898. 25c. a bottle.

The 29,000 German Baptists in the United States gave last year $62,000 to missions.

I believe Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my boy's life last summer.—Mrs. ALLIE DOUGLASS, Le Roy, Mich., Oct. 20, 1894.

There was no postoffice in New York City until 1775.

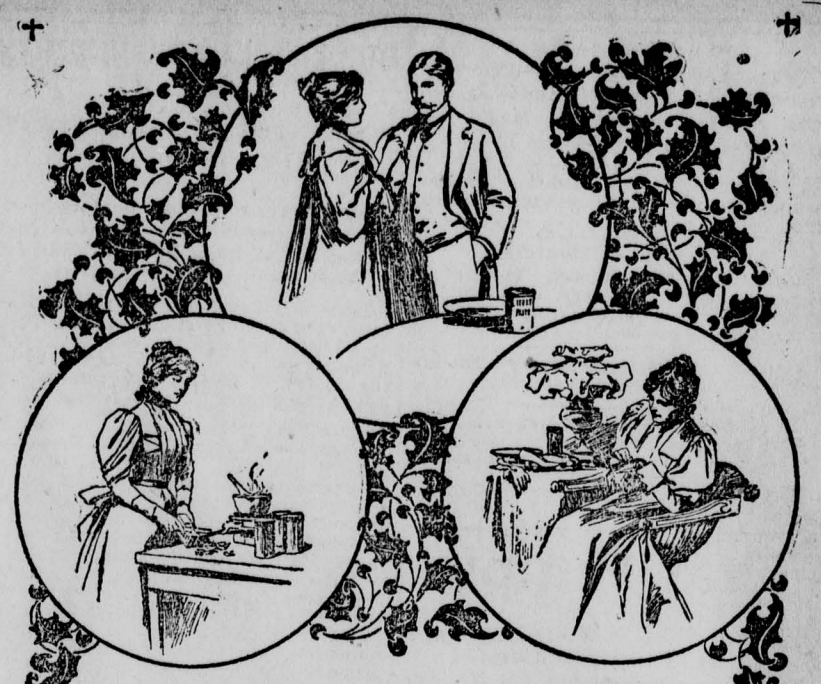
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

There are 125 Bishops of the Church of England distributed over the world.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Calhoun County, Illinois, has not had a bankfor over half a century.



IVORY SOAP PASTE.

In fifteen minutes' time, with only a cake of Ivory Soap and water, you can make in your own kitchen, a better cleansing paste than you can buy.

Ivory Soap Paste will take spots from clothing; and will clean carpets, rugs, kid gloves, slippers, patent, enamel, russet leather and canvas shoes, leather belts, painted wood-work and furniture. The special value of Ivory Soap in this form arises from the fact that it can be used with a damp sponge or cloth to cleanse many articles that cannot be washed because they will not stand the free application of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING.—To one pint of boiling water add one and one-half ounces of Ivory Soap cut into shavings, boil five minutes after the Soap is thoroughly dissolved. Remove from the fire, and cool in convenient dishes (not tin.) It will keep well in an air-tight glass jar.

Copyright, 1897, by The Procter & Gamble Co., Cincinnati.

RHEUMATISM

NEW ORLEANS, April 10, 1897.

DR. RADWAY & CO.:

I have been a sufferer from Rheumatism for more than six months. I could not raise my hands to my head or put my hands behind me, or even take off my own shirt. Before I had finished three-fourths of a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief I could use my arms as well as ever. You can see why I have such great faith in your Relief.

Yours truly, W. C. BAKER,
Engineer at A. Montelone's Boot and Shoe Factory, 939 Julia Street.

R RADWAY'S R READY R RELIEF

Radway's Ready Relief is a sure cure for every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest and Limbs.

Taken inwardly there is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Sold by Druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., N. Y.

TASTES GOOD CHILDREN LIKE IT. DR. SETH ARNOLD'S COUGH KILLER CURES WHEN OTHERS FAIL. ALL DRUGGISTS. 25¢ A BOTTLE. 25¢ A BOTTLE.

Send Postal for Premium List to the Dr. Seth Arnold Medical Corporation, Woonsocket, R. I.

Happy JOHNSON'S The greatest remedy for MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER, Crippe & Liver Diseases. KNOWN ALL DRUGGISTS. 35c.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1000 testimonials.

THE SOUTH.

FLORIDA, CUBA, ... MEXICO and CALIFORNIA.

Southern Railway.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE.

For information apply to

GEO. C. DANIELS, Trav. Pass. Agent, 228 Washington St., Boston.

ALEX. S. THWEATT, East. Pass. Agent, 271 Broadway, New York.

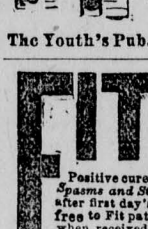
FOR 14 CENTS

We wish to gain this year 200,000 new customers, and hence offer

1	Pkg. 13 Day Radish,	10c
1	Pkg. Early Ripe Cabbage,	10c
1	" Earliest Red Beet,	10c
1	" Long Lightn'g Cucumber	10c
1	" Salzer's Best Lettuce,	15c
1	" California Fig Tomato,	20c
1	" Early Dinner Onion,	10c
3	" Brilliant Flower Seeds,	15c
Worth $1.00, for 14 cents,		$1.00

Above 10 pkgs. worth $1.00, we will mail you free, together with our great Plant and Seed Catalogue upon receipt of this notice & 14c postage. We invite your trade and know when you once try Salzer's seeds you will never get along without them. Onion Seed 65c. and up a lb. Potatoes at $1.20 a Bbl. Catalog alone 5c. No. AC

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.



Boys Learn to Make Toys!

The youth's work shop will tell you how to make wooden and tin toys, wagons, hand sleighs, sail boats, picture frames, tin armour, tin toys, magic lantern pictures &c. Sent by mail on receipt of 10 cents (silver or stamps).

The Youth's Pub. Co., 251 Wm. St., N.Y.City.

FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured Insanity Prevented by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

Positive cure for all *Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus' Dance.* No Fits or Nervousness after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges only when received. Send to Dr. Kline, Ltd, Bellevue Institute of Medicine, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

OWNERS of old defaulted, worthless railroad stocks and bonds can find a market for same by addressing C. A. W., P. O. Box 672, N. Y. Send description of what you have.

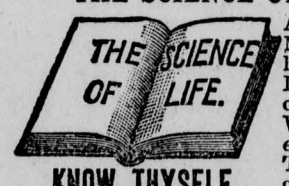
MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN REPLYING TO ADVTS. NYNU—4.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since

THE GLORY OF MAN!

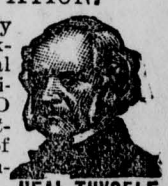
Strength, Vitality, Manhood.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; OR, SELF-PRESERVATION.



KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Treatise on Happy Marriages, the cause and cure of Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Atrophy (wasting), and Varicocele, also on ALL DISEASES AND WEAKNESSES OF MAN *from whatever cause arising.* True Principles of Treatment. 370 pp. 12mo, with Engravings.



HEAL THYSELF.

It Contains 125 Invaluable Prescriptions for acute and chronic diseases. Embossed, full gilt, PRICE ONLY $1 BY MAIL (sealed). (New edition, with latest observations of the author.)

Read this GREAT WORK now and KNOW THYSELF, **for knowledge is power.**

Address The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. (Established in 1860.) Chief Consulting Physician and Author, Graduate of Harvard Medical College, Class 1864. Surgeon Fifth Massachusetts Regiment Vol. **The Most Eminent Specialist in America, who Cures Where Others Fail.** Consultation in person or by letter, 9 to 6; Sundays 10 to 1. Confidential.

The National Medical Association awarded the Gold Medal for this Grand Prize Treatise, which is truly A BOOK FOR EVERY MAN, Young, Middle-aged, or Old, Married or Single.

The Diagnostician, or Know Thyself Manual, a 94-page pamphlet with testimonials and endorsements of the press. Price, 50 cents, but mailed FREE for 60 days. Send now. It is a perfect VADE MECUM and of great value for *WEAK and FAILING MEN* by a Humanitarian and Celebrated Medical Author, distinguished throughout this country and Europe. Address as above. The press everywhere highly endorse the Peabody Medical Institute. Read the following.

The Peabody Medical Institute has been established in Boston 37 years, and the fame which it has attained has subjected it to a test which only a meritorious institution could undergo.—*Boston Journal.*

"The *Peabody Medical Institute* has many imitators, but no equals."—*Boston Herald.*

"Well Bred, Soon Wed." Girls Who Use

SAPOLIO

Are Quickly Married.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

MOUNT UNION.

Wm. Bice was in Lewistown last week on a business trip.

Lloyd Ewing, of McVeytown, was a visitor in town last week.

Mrs. C. E. Hart and Miss Alma Hart are the guests of friends in Harrisburg.

Jas. A. Davis is confined to his home on Water street with a second attack of the grippe.

Henry Shaffer is confined to his home in this place with a slight attack of pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Kinsloe and Mrs. Mann, of Newton Hamilton, were recent visitors to friends in this place.

Miss Mattie Crater started last week for Philadelphia, where she expects to make her residence for some time.

C. E. Etnier, of York, Pa., and Miss Virginia Etnier. of Tyrone, were the guests of friends in town over Sunday.

Mrs. Lydia McLaughlin returned on Friday from a three weeks' trip to friends in Harrisburg and Mechanicsburg.

Miss Katharine Appleby, one of the public school teachers of Tyaone, arrived home Saturday on a short visit to parents.

Lester Haupt, of Tyrone, a passenger brakeman of this division, well known to many of our people, was in town on Monday.

John C. Appleby, whose serious illness was noted in this correspodence last week, is much better and on a fair way to speedily recover.

Mrs. Geo. W. Spangler and children returned home on Wednesday last from a month's visit among relatives and friends in Hagerstown, Md.

Wilson Weller, of this place, went to the hospital at Altoona on Friday last to have a foot amputated, on which a corn had developed gangrene.

Crawford, the 6-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Shaver, of Shirley street, died on Monday evening, of diphtheria, after a siege of three weeks with the dread disease.

The republican primaries for the selection of nominees to be voted for at the coming election will be held in the public school building on Saturday evening, the 28th inst.

Harry Bell, of this place, who is a student at Franklin & Marshall college, Lancaster, arrived home on Saturday on account of the death of his grandmother, Mrs. John Shaver.

Ammon Brown, who is employed by the Wm. DeFrehn & Sons chair works, at Johnstown, Pa., arrived home last week to remain for a few days with parents and friends.

Hon. T. H. Adams is still confined to his residence on Pennsylvania avenue with an attack of grippe which threatened to be pneumonia at one time but which has been averted.

Burglars effected an entrance to the residence of Fred. Wattles on Shirley street one night last week, and besides satisfying the wants of the inner man on all the available pies and cakes, took Mr. Wattle's son's overcoat and watch. Attempts were also made to enter S. Heilem's clothing store on Division street and T. H. Adams' general store on Water street, on the same night but they were unsuccessful. As the robbers left no no clue, the police are somewhat mystified.

The remains of Morris Manning, of Altoona, were brought to this place on Sunday afternoon last and taken to the M. E. church where services were held after which interment was made in the Odd Fellows' cemetery. The deceased, with his family, was a resident of this place several years ago, and as such was known to many of the older inhabitants. A fall on an icy pavement in Altoona about two weeks ago, which at the time was not thought a serious matter, was the cause of his death which was very unexpected.

Mrs. John Shaver died suddenly on Saturday morning last, of acute pneumonia, at the family home on Pennsylvania avenue, corner of Division street. The deceased only took her bed on Friday morning and the suddenness of her death was a great shock to this community where she was a familiar figure and one of its oldest as well as most respected residents. She was 66 years old. The funeral services were held on Monday afternoon at the Presbyterian church, of which she was a member for many years. One daughter, Mrs. W. T. Bell, of this place, and two sons, Bert, of Mifflin, and C. Nevin Shaver, of Harrisburg, besides her husband, survive.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon County and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, Pa., on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1899,

at one o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All that certain one and one-half story Church Building, twenty-six by forty feet, with pulpit and choir addition 5x11 feet, and lot or piece of ground and cartilage appurtenant thereto, situate in the borough of Huntingdon, county of Huntingdon, Pa., fronting 30 feet, more or less, on the east side of Moore street, between Cherry alley and Tenth street, and extending back eastwardly from said Moore street 70 feet, more or less. Bounded on the north by lot of H. B. Dunn, on the south by lot of Tobias Baker, on the west by Moore street and on the east by lot of H. B. Dunn and Tobias Baker.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the land and tenements, which were of The African Methodist Episcopal Church of Huntingdon, owners or reputed owners, and Alexander Murrells, Charles Slaughters, John S. Murrell, Workman Simons and David H. W. Keith, trustees of the African Methodist Episcopal Church of Huntingdon, contractors.

TERMS.—The price for which the property is sold must be paid at the time of sale, or such other arrangements made as will be approved, otherwise the property will immediately be put up and sold at the risk of the person to whom it was first sold, and who in case of deficiency, at such resale shall make good the same, and in no instance will the deed be presented to the Court for confirmation unless the money is actually paid to the Sheriff. Persons who are lien creditors must procure a certified list for the Sheriff in order to apply the amount of bids, or any part thereof, on their lien.

B. S. RUMBERGER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Huntingdon, Pa.,
January 11, 1899.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be confirmed nisi February 8, 1899, and absolutely February 12, 1899.

1 DRENNIN. The final account of Lewis E. Port, administrator of William Drennin, late of the borough of Huntingdon, Pa.

2 SIMPSON. First and final account of Isaac G. Simpson, executor of Harriet N. Simpson, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.

3 CLARK. First and final account of G. B. Clark, administrator of E. Ellen Clark, late of Todd township, deceased.

4 CURFMAN. First and final account of Webster Curfman, administrator of the estate of Joseph P. Curfman, late of Cass township, deceased.

5 GUMBERT. First and final account of W. T. Browning, administrator of Frederick Gumbert, late of the borough of Rockhill, deceased, with distribution annexed.

6 GRISSINGER. First and final account of W. P. Grissinger, administrator of the estate of Samuel A. Grissinger, late of Clay township, deceased.

7 GROVE. First account of the Harrisburg Trust Company, administrator c. t. a. d. b. n. of John H. Grove, late of the borough of Huntingdon, Pa., deceased.

8 WIESTLING. First and final account of R. A. Orbison, executor of the last will and testament of Cornelia R. Wiestling, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, with distribution annexed.

9 First and partial account of W. L. Johnston, administrator of the estate of W. Scott Bair, late of the Borough of Huntingdon, deceased.

Register's office, Jan. 11, 1899. } B. F. GODARD, Register.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows under the Act of the 14th day of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be confirmed nisi on February 8, 1899. If no exceptions be filed thereto the same will be confirmed absolutely May 10, 1899.

1 PIPER. Inventory of the personal property of Levi Piper, late of Dublin township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Evaline Piper.

2 SHAFFER. Inventory of the personal property of William Shaffer, late of Morris township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary Ann Shaffer.

3 McILROY. Inventory of the personal property of Jackson McIlroy, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, as taken by his widow, Delilah McIlroy.

Office of Clerk O. C., Jan. 11, 1899. } B. F. GODARD, Clerk Orphans' Court.

A Word to Farmers.

Farmers and others desiring to purchase fruit or ornamental trees are urged to correspond with me before purchasing. The stock I have sold in this county in the past years has proven true to name and the trees were healthy. This ought to be convincing evidence that it is better to buy from reliable home agents than from strangers. I intend canvassing the county thoroughly this season and want your patronage.

L. C. CORBIN.
9-28-98. tf Huntingdon, Pa.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

The undersignod trustee, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Huntingdon County to sell the real estate of John Shoop, late of the township of Union, county of Huntingdon, and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to sale on the premises in Union township, two miles south of Mapleton,

Thursday, January 26th, 1899,

at 1 o'clock p. m., all the following described real estate, to wit:

Tract No. 1. All that certain messuage, tract or parcel of land situate in Union township, county of Huntingdon, beginning at a sugar by lands of John Shoop north 24½ degrees east 138 perches to a red oak; thence by lands of Samuel Dell north 49 degrees west 208 perches to stones; thence by lands of Eliel Smith, now heirs of Levi Dell, south 30 degrees west 148 perches to stones; thence by lands of Samuel Dell south 49 degrees east 208 perches to the place of beginning. Containing 162 acres and 40 perches and the usual allowances, be the same more or less. Having thereon erected a Two-story Log House, Bank Barn, Wood house, Dry house, Smoke house, Wagon shed and other out buildings.

Tract No. 2. All that certain tract of land situate in Hare's Valley, Union township, and county of Huntingdon, beginning at a gum thence by Rocky Ridge north 23½ degrees east 242 perches to a walnut; thence by lands of Hares Lang north 62 degrees west 85 perches to a hickory; thence by lands of John Coughenour, now of Abram K. Miller, south 23 degrees west 240 perches to a white oak; and thence by lands of John Harrett south 60 degrees east 70 perches to place of beginning. Containing 108 acres and 54 perches and allowance, be the same more or less.

Tract No. 3. All that messuage, tract and tenement of land situate in Union township, county of Huntingdon, beginning at a post by lands of John Shoop, north 1 degree west 24 perches to a post; thence by lands of the said John Shoop north 67 degrees west 4 perches and 15 links to a sugar tree; thence by lands of the said John Shoop north 12 degrees east 21 perches to a sugar; thence by lands of John Shoop, jr., south 20 degrees west 60 perches to a post; thence by lands of John Shoop, jr., south 60 degrees east 20 perches to a post and place of beginning. Containing 2 acres and 123 perches, be the same more or less.

Tract No. 4. All that certain tract of land situate in Hare's Valley, Union township, and county of Huntingdon, beginning at a stone by lands of Levi Dell south 60 degrees east 17½ perches to a red maple; thence by lands of Levi Dell north 46 degrees east 12 perches to a sugar; thence by lands of Levi Dell, now J. C. Dell, north 67 degrees east 12 10 100 perches to a stone; thence by lands of John Shoop north 60 degrees west 24 perches to a stone; thence by lands of J. Shoop and Lemuel Dell south 24½ degrees west 23 10 100 perches to a stone and place of beginning. Containing 2 acres and 91 perches and allowances, be the same more or less.

The above tracts of land contain about 60 acres of good meadow land, well supplied with timber and running water in all the fields making them a very desirable piece of property. There is also a lime kiln separate and apart of said tracts of land which has been used in connection therewith and will also be included in the sale.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid when the properties are struck down, and 23⅓ per cent. upon confirmation of sale; 33⅓ per cent. of the purchase money with interest one year after date of confirmation, and to be secured by bond or mortgage of purchaser; the balance, or the widow's one-third, payable upon the date of the widow's death and to be secured by bond and mortgage of purchaser, with interest payable to widow annually.

Also at the same time and place will be sold a lot of hay by the ton.

NOTE.—The above tracts will be offered as a whole or in parts as desired by bidders. This farm is particularly adapted to stock or fruit raising.

SIMPSON SHOOP,
Dec. 23, 1898. Trustee.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

—AT—

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of the late W. H. Rex, deceased, offers at private sale the real estate of the late deceased. This property is all in the Borough of Mapleton, is free from incumbrance of any kind, is well located, and those desiring comfortable homes could make no better investment. It is more economical to buy a home than to pay rent.

No. 1. A lot of ground at junction of Chestnut and Main streets on which formerly stood the mansion house and store room of the late deceased. Well of good water, stone sufficient in walls for building several foundations, outbuildings, orchard and small fruits.

No. 2. House and lot on Main street known as the Brumbaugh property, adjoining No. 1. Lot in good state of cultivation.

No. 3. House and lot on Main street, known as the Kyler property, adjoining No. 2. Large kitchen.

No. 4. House and lot at corner of Sugar and Grant streets. Large lot, out buildings. Seven-room house recently remodeled.

No. 5 House and lot on Grant street. New house, excellent lot extending through to alley. A very desirable home.

No. 6. House and lot on Spring street. Lot extends through to Gayton street.

No. 7. Double House and lot. Lot faces on Grant, Church and Spring streets.

All these properties have good drainage, are convenient to church and schools, and excepting No. 1, are occupied by tenants, and all are among the most desirable properties in Mapleton.

TERMS:—25 per cent. cash and the balance in three equal annual payments.

For further particulars call on or address,

JERE B. REX, Executor,
Aug. 10 tf. Huntingdon Pa.

Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths

For the Spring of 1899

We will have the largest line in stock of the above goods this spring we have ever shown. As heretofore, we will sell by samples

Brussels, Velvets, Moquets and Axminsters,

and we wish to assure you of the fact that on the better grade of this line we will sell you the same goods and quality at less than you can buy them in the best retail store in Philadelphia and New York, as our expense of selling them is very little. When desired, we will have them made and put down for you. In all our four years' carpet business we have not had one complaint, but many compliments on the satisfaction our carpets have given. We positively refuse to personally solicit the furnishing of new houses or others needing carpet, as this method often secures a partial or full promise, and always to the disadvantage of the buyer, but anything entrusted to us in the line of carpets will be done at the lowest price and the best advantage to you. We will show over 75 samples alone of as beautiful styles as you ever saw. Do not forget us when in need of anything in the above line, as we will treat you the very best.

Wm Reed & Son,
Huntingdon, Pa.

Which

Do you prefer? A single or a double Heater? We have both in stock, and can furnish you with either, and with grates to burn either

Hard or Soft Coal,

it makes no difference to us, and but a few dollars to the buyer. The class of Heating Stoves we carry are on a par with our celebrated Dockash Range. Need we say more? If you are in the market for a heating stove call and see what I have to offer.

Hard Coal Stoves range in price from $14 to $35. Soft coal double heaters from $14 to $22.50.

JOHN REYNOLDS,

(Next door First National Bank.)

Huntingdon, Pa.

Now for 1899.

You want to get in line with us for the coming season's business.

Investigate—

others are doing so—and have found that we furnish the right goods at the right price.

There is some satisfaction in knowing that you can buy your dry goods, notions, groceries, hardware, &c, from us for less money than by going abroad.

Your trade is solicited.

J. L. Houck,
Cassville, Pa.

DRY . . GOODS.

The largest and most complete line of

Fall and Winter

dry goods received since I have been in business. Prices right. Come and see them.

J. O. HEATON,
Cassville, Penn'a.

EVERYBODY † SURPRISED

Over my fresh arrival of

MISSES', GENTS' and CHILD'S SHOES.

Surprise, first, at the LARGE ASSORTMENT.
Surprise, second, at the SUPERIOR QUALITY.
Surprise, third, at the IMMENSE VARIETY.
Surprise, fourth, at the LOW PRICES.

I have been some time in getting these "surprises" all here and ready for you, but at last am able to announce

BARGAINS ALL THROUGH THE HOUSE.

I solicit a comparison of goods and prices, knowing you will find that my NEW STOCK is the best and cheapest.

J. C. Hazlett,
402 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.

At J. G. Gillam's Day-Light Store

Is the place you can see the goods you buy and see the goods you want to buy, for every department is full and complete.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GLOVES,
UNDERWEAR,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, GROCERIES
AND CONFECTIONS,
in fact everything that you want.

Highest market prices paid for produce. Give us a call.

John G. Gillam.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Jan. 25, 1899.

LOCAL NOTES.

THE PREVAILING FASHION.

Here's to the man who is clear out of style;
Though pleasure oft gives him the slip,
At present his face wears a radiant smile,
For he hasn't been ill with the grip.
—Washington Star.

—The senatorial situation at Harrisburg remains unchanged.

—County Superintendent Rudy visited the borough schools on Monday.

—Albert Pearson has removed his family from Union township to Philipsburg, Centre county.

—Miss Lizzie Sheetram, of Huntingdon, was the guest of her sister, Miss Annie Shore, last week.

—For clothing, overcoats, dress suits, odd pants, coats or vests, go to W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—Miss Minnie Ramsey, of Robertsdale, spent the past week in Mapleton, the guest of her sister Mrs. Edward Brown.

—It now appears that Johnstown will not be represented in the Fifth regiment N. G. P. All efforts to reorganize company H have proved futile.

—Dress plaids as low as 5c per yd., (all wool); dress cloths at 25c and general line of dress goods at right prices at W. G. Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—Wm. Reed & Son have something to say in this issue about carpets that should interest every carpet buyer in the county. Look up their advertisement.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, Pa., has ladies' coats and capes, new this season, at very reasonable prices. Also misses' jackets and long coats at bargain prices.

—P. M. Ort, of Harrisburg, a former resident of Mapleton has been seriously ill for several weeks. His many friends at this place hope for his speedy restoration to health and vigor.

—A North Missouri merchant displays conspicuously in his store the following hint: "A mistake! All men are not made of dust. Dust always settles. Some men never do."

—Thomas Robison, of Rockfield, Indiana, arrived in Mapleton last Friday evening and will spend a few weeks with friends in Mapleton and in Juniata county. He is prospering in his western home.

—Elmer Pheasant, an employee in the quarry of the Pittsburg White Sand company, was struck on the ankle by a falling rock last Thursday. He has been unable to be out of the house since that time.

—Information reaches this office that a junior preacher arrived at the Bellwood M. E. parsonage last Saturday. Rev. Wilson's many friends in this section congratulate him and wish the lad a bright future.

—LOST—About two weeks ago, in the vicinity of Mapleton, a Hypodermic syringe in metalic case. A reward of fifty cents will be given the finder if it be returned to Dr. G. W. Simpson or left at the ITEM office.

—The fact that the tariff revenues of Cuba are already paying the expenses and leaving a surplus shows that even in its present condition, after being ravaged by war for years, it must still have a good deal of wealth.

—Robert H. Vandevander, of Bellwood, tarried a few hours with Mapleton friends yesterday, being on his way home from attending the funeral of Mrs. John Shaver at Mount Union. We were favored with a call from him.

—T. M. Wood and Elmer E. Palmer have been appointed members of the borough school board to fill vacancies caused by the resignation of G. W. Wright and L. D. Himes. The new members were inducted into office last week.

—The Penny Magazine, New York, which is the lowest-priced magazine in America (20 cents a year), and which is owned by Hon. Chauncy M. Depew, the eminent American orator, wants a representative in this vicinity. It is a good opportunity for one of our ambitious young men or young woman. Applications should be addressed to the Subscription Department, The Penny Magazine, Temple court, New York City.

—The Mifflin county court was occupied last week in the trial of Joseph Morrison for the murder of Harry Dougherty at Belleville last August. The case was given to the jury Friday evening and Saturday morning a verdict of murder in the first degree was rendered.

—Rev. David Etter, a German Baptist minister aged 74 years, died in Dauphin county last Sunday while immersing his niece. He had baptized nine persons and as he was immersing the 10th, his niece, the second time he fell and was taken out of the water a corpse. Heart trouble was the cause.

—Harry C. Kieferle, of Mount Union, who went to Santiago, Cuba, in November with a view to locating in that city, returned to Lewistown last week. He says Santiago is a nice place in which to live but it is not yet sufficiently Americanized to suit him. In everything prices as yet rule high.

—Representative Fow, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill in the House on Monday authorizing the Pennsylvania Canal company to abandon the public use of that portion of the canal situated on the Juniata division, from the first lock east of Newton Hamilton, including the river dam, in Mifflin county, to the Juniata junction at Duncan's island, Dauphin county.

—There is a new song going the rounds of the press and it runneth on this wise: "We don't want to buy at your place, we don't trade there any more; you'll be sorry when you see us going to some other store. You can't sell us any stale goods, we have opened wide our eyes; we don't want to trade at your store 'cause you don't advertise."—*Exchange.*

—Word has been received at this place of the death from consumption of James Montgomery at McCoy, West Virginia, on Monday the 15th. inst. Deceased was a young man and was the husband of Miss Esther McDonald, a young lady most of whose life was spent in Mapleton but who with her parents now reside at Huntington, West Virginia. He is survived by his young wife and one child.

—The following is a new rule of Court: No petition for the appointment of viewers or re-viewers of a road or bridge, or to run a township division line will be entertained, unless the petition is accompanied by a bond to the county in the sum of Fifty Dollars ($50), conditioned for the payment of the costs when the case is concluded, in the event that the court shall direct the petitioners to pay the same.

—In the lower house of the Texas legislature on Monday a member named Wooten, who is regarded as the House leader, offered a resolution that Texas withdraw from the Federal Union because of alleged injustice and violation of the State's rights by the policy adopted in enforcing the War Revenue law. The matter comes up for final action today. Evidently the fool-killer can find a job in the Lone Star State.

—George Simpson Post, No. 44, G. A. R., have secured Gen. John B. Gordon to deliver his lecture, "The First and Last Days of the Confederacy," in the Y. M. C. A. hall, Huntingdon, the evening of February 22nd. No man is better qualified to speak on this subject as Gen. Gordon was prominent in the councils of the Confederacy and was one of its trusted leaders. This lecture has been delivered in all the principal cities and towns of the Union and has received most favorable comment from press and people. By all means hear Gen. Gordon.

—Representatives Milliken and Bare have each been appointed to chairmanships on committees in the House, the former over Committee on Agriculture, the latter over Committee on Military. Mr. Milliken also appears on a number of other committees including those on Congressional apportionment, federal relations, and labor and industry, while Representative Bare appears on Committees on Accounts, Education and Fish and Game. Senator Chisholm has been given the chairmanship on the committee on canals and inland navigation, and is also a member of the committee on appropriations and on railways.

Sale Register.

WEDNESDAY, February 1st.—D. F. Pheasant will sell at the Wise farm, in Union township, one mile south-west of Mapleton, 2 heavy draft horses, 2-horse wagon, horse rake, plows, harrow, chains, wind-mill, good driving horse with harness and cart, work harness, 2 cows, heifer, and household and kitchen furniture. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

COLE'S SUMMIT.

The beautiful snow is gone and now we have mud and plenty of it.

Mrs. Maggie Long has been on the sick list during the past week.

Mrs. Emma Jamison, of near Fairview, is recovering from a severe attack of la grippe.

The prayer meeting, started at Cole's school house a few weeks ago, has gone where the woodbine twineth.

Martin Hoffman and wife, of Cassville, are both sick at the home of Mrs. Hoffman's father, Thomas Smith.

There has been quite a lot of coal transferred over the East Broad Top railroad during the past few weeks.

Miss Almeda Long recently started to school to brighten up her memory preparatory to entering Juniata college.

Daniel Curfman, of near Meadow Green, who has been seriously ill for a couple of weeks past, is still very sick. His friends wish him a speedy recovery.

Rev. Dillon, of Three Springs, preached an able sermon on Sabbath evening last at Fairview church, taking his text from the 11th verse of the 16th Psalm.

The barn belonging to Frank Chilcote near the lower tunnel was burned with all his feed and farming utensils on Sunday morning, the 15th inst., the work of some rascal in human shape. No insurance.

TROUGH CREEK.

Mrs. J. C. Wright is housed with the grip.

Mrs. Brown's condition remains about the same.

Mrs. Foust had improved enough up to last Thursday as to be able to walk out a little.

Simeon Wright tells me that he is getting through this winter fully as well as he has done for three years.

Jack Comfort's last vane is a perfect fraud. It doesn't have any effect at all on the weather and don't even make the hens lay.

O. M. Wright has commenced to haul his thirty thousand feet of chestnut lumber to Huntingdon. The lumber was cut last spring.

Mrs. Mary Smith, the oldest citizen of Little Trough Creek, whose illness was mentioned in last week's ITEM, was much improved last Sunday and her friends entertain strong hopes of her recovery.

I am informed that Richard Chilcott and Henry Quarry are candidates for supervisor. This is the only election news that I have heard and only give it as I hear, not knowing that more than one-half the report is true.

Martin Bum, who dislikes being idle as much as any man in the community, had the misfortune to cut his foot again and while the gash is not as large as the previous cut, it is in a more dangerous place, being at the joint of the great toe, and does not seem like healing as fast as the other cut Mart and family certainly deserve the substantial sympathy of the community as they have nothing to depend on but the labor of him and his wife, who is as industrious as he. On account of rheumatism he has only been able to do but a few days work since early corn cutting. His wife has worked like a hero and managed to keep three of their four children (the fourth being too young) in school almost constantly, which, as all must know, requires a good many hard-earned dollars. I only write what I know to be true in this case that others may know, who are perhaps not acquainted with the situation, and would be willing to help the unfortunate.

New Telephone Directory.

The Central Pennsylvania Telephone & Supply Co. have issued a general directory of all their telephones in Central Pennsylvania. The book shows names of over 6000 subscribers, their call number, business and location. Both the subscribers' names and towns connected are arranged alphabetically. Three hundred and sixty-five towns or hamlets appear in the book, also a list of 238 public pay stations for the use of the public.

Working Night and Day

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c. per box. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

Attention, Republicans!

The Republicans of Mapleton borough are hereby notified that a caucus will be held in Gillam's Hall

THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 26, 1899, at 7 o'clock for the purpose of naming candidates for borough offices to be voted for at the primaries to be held SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY, 28, 1899, from 6 to 7 o'clock.

JOHN A. BRUMBAUGH,
Committeeman.

Red Hot from the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible Ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. O'Connor & Sons.

Marriage Licenses.

W. E. Bartnett and Barbara Winters, both of Martinsburg, Blair Co., Pa.

Daniel L. Grissinger and Amanda B. Rupert, both of Clay township.

Oscar H. Little, Concord, Franklin Co., and Alva C. McMath, Blairs Mills, Pa.

E. L. Barr and Dora E. Daughenbaugh both of Brady township, Pa.

Blair M. Schell, Marklesburg, and Nannie J. King, Mount Union, Pa.

James S. Woods and Lenore R. Isenberg, both of Huntingdon, Pa.

T. H. Baker, Todd township, and Lilly J. Sholl, Rebersberg, Center Co.

Deeds Entered for Record.

Elmira Isett et al. to Philip Brumbaugh, property in Smithfield township. Consideration $1000.

Isaac E. McClain et al. to Lizzie Siers, property in Huntingdon, Pa. Consideration $188.

Frank DeFrehn and wife to Kate B. Swayne, property in Mount Union. Consideration $1000.

James Huey to Mary E. Yoder, property in Porter township. Consideration $1.

H. Calvin Knode et al. to J. B. Yoder and wife, property in Porter township. Consideration $100,

John S. Bare and wife to William E. Kough, property in Mount Union. Consideration $1500.

Joseph R. Baird and wife to Amelia Laird, property in Franklin township. Consideration $200.

John White, Jr., and G. Chal Port, executors, to Levi L. Fritch, property in Porter and Walker townships. Consideration $373.85.

Joseph Heeter et al. to Bertha Q. Shaver property in Mount Union. Consideration $184

Eliza H. Green and husband to Frank O'Connor, property in Brady township. Consideration $450.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large Book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, See'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

The....
DON'T MISS *Philadelphia Inquirer*
FOR 1899

Some of the special daily features include

A SPORTING PAGE, contributed to by a staff of the best sporting authorities.

A STATE PAGE, in which the every happening of interest in every place in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland is told by special dispatches from our own correspondents.

A WOMAN'S PAGE, where every morning the latest fashions and every feminine interest are cleverly dealt with in profusely illustrated articles.

A CABLE PAGE, where the doings of our foreign cousins are reproduced in special cable dispatches.

ALL THE NEWS, from everywhere, by the full Associated Press service and special dispatches.

BEST OF ALL is THE SUNDAY INQUIRER.

Included in The Sunday Inquirer each week is a colored section, with the best of pictures by well-known artists in brilliant color and softest half-tone. The colored section of The Sunday Inquirer is not equalled by any other paper.

The Sunday Inquirer Magazine

is contributed to by the very best writers, such as Conan Doyle, Rudyard Kipling, Robert Barr, Anthony Hope and Ian MacLaren. Besides the brightest of short stories and serials, there are many articles by eminent authorities on subjects religious, mechanical, literary and scientific. Then, too, there are puzzles with cash prizes amounting to $500. If you want to make your wits profitable get the next Sunday Inquirer.

If you want a position in Philadelphia, an INQUIRER WANT AD will fix it for you.

THE PHILADELPHIA INQUIRER is Pennsylvania's leading newspaper in influence, enterprise and circulation.

A. B. Gillam's Greatest Christmas Bargains.

The coming of Christmas; you will believe in its near approach when you see the display at A. B. Gillam's. You'll feel we've been lavish in our purchases. A look through the pretty offerings will make your heart young. You will regret that you are not a child again, so that you may enter more fully into the pleasures of the happy holiday season. You'll find nothing lacking in the display. An entire absence of extravagance in prices will be particularly noticeable, for purchasing from the manufacturers direct enables us to make the very low prices you will be impressed with, and the many choice designs shown. Just a hint here and there. You can only form a correct idea of their beauty by looking through the store.

Surprise Boxes,
Horns,
Albums,
Sterling Silver Brushes,
Dolls,
at 5 cts. and up.
Perfume,
A fine assortment of
China,
Doll's Cribs,
Some nice things in
Stationery,
Toilet Articles,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Linen Handkerchiefs.

Our general stock is complete. We invite you to come early before our stock is picked over. You will find a good selection of gifts.

A. B. Gillam.

We Are Now Making

A
FAST BLACK
(Alizarine Dyed)
WORSTED SUIT
Cutaway or Sack
FOR $20.

I Guarantee a Faultless Fit and a Correct Style Expression.

Don't mistake the place.

BALDWIN,
THE TAILOR.

When Hungry, Go To
FISHER'S Penn Street RESTAURANT.

—You Can Get—
Steaks, Chops, Eggs, Boiled Beans, Sandwiches, Pies, Hot Tea or Coffee.

BEST SHELL OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.

Oysters delivered to any part of town in any style or quantity,

—Also—
Caterer for Weddings and Banquets.

GEO. W. FISHER,
417 Penn St. HUNTINGDON, PA.

KEELY'S MOTOR EXPOSED

Result of a Newspaper's Exploration in His Philadelphia Workshop.

COMPRESSED AIR HIS FORCE.

The Keely Motor is Alleged to Be a Fraud—Pipes Found in the Inventor's House Which Supplied the Motive Power—Startling Results of the Excavations—The Investigators Men of Science.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn. (Special).—For more than a week scientific men, under the auspices of the Philadelphia Press, have been investigating the dismantled Keely workshop. These researches, it is claimed, clearly prove that the mysterious Keely motor was a delusion and deception and its alleged mysterious forces the result of trickery.

The investigators were Professor Carl Hering, a consulting electrical engineer of experience; Arthur W. Goodspeed, Assistant Professor of Physics in the University of Pennsylvania, who visited the laboratory years ago at the request of Mrs. Bloomfield Moore; Lightner Witmer, Professor of experimental Psychology in the University of Pennsylvania, and Dr. M. G. Miller, who has had special training in mound-digging and who superintended the digging operations and plotted the results.

Every bit of flooring in the house at No. 1420 North Twentieth street was ripped up in the search for evidence. Many curious discoveries were made. The ceiling of one room had been lowered about two inches in order to leave space for wires and tubes. This ceiling was made of planks instead of plaster, and there were numerous augur holes and trap doors. The augur holes in both walls and floors in different parts of the house showed that many tubes and wires ran from one room to another.

But most interesting of all was a high pressure tube which was built into the wall. Although incomplete, the indications were that it connected the three-ton sphere buried in the basement with the lever machine by which Keely developed an uplifting expansive force of 25,000 pounds per square inch without an uplifting force of one ounce under the piston. Keely attributed this phenomenon to his "discovery" of vibrations, communicated through wires. And herein lies the whole significance of the exposure. What appeared in Keely's laboratory to be mere wires were in reality lengths of fine tubing, through which great power was transmitted from the buried cylinder in the form of compressed air or gas.

How highly compressed was the air that Keely could store in his big iron sphere is shown by the fact that measurements and simple calculations give this receptacle the capability of resisting a bursting pressure of from 20,000 to 100,000 pounds per square inch.

Unaided as he probably was, Keely must have exercised prodigious ingenuity and industry in order to build up the ingenious scheme by which he was destined to induce so many thousands from the pockets of the credulous. He worked at many trades to which he had not been apprenticed. He was a plumber, plasterer, carpenter, mason and many other things combined. One of the important discoveries was a long iron pipe, which ran from very near the shallow pit in the front room on the ground floor to within a short distance of the large sphere. It was plugged at each end with curious right-angled joints of very rough workmanship, but thoroughly efficient for the control of great pressure.

It ought to be possible for those who now have Keely's machines to prove at once whether compressed air or gas was the source of their motion, and to do this at once without giving away any other secrets of their mechanism. If they are so made that compressed gases would make them it will probably be safe to conclude that their secret is discovered and to relegate them to the scrap heap or to put them in museums to illustrate the success of another humbug. On the other hand, if they could not be made to act by such a force they will acquire a new interest by the demonstration of that fact.

LAD OF TEN A BURGLAR.

Confesses Theft to Get Money to Buy Cigarettes.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y. (Special).—Raphael Moffett, an Italian boy, ten years old, is confined at headquarters charged with burglary. He was arrested several weeks ago for a misdemeanor, and then confessed that he had broken into four or five stores.

He is now held for having committed burglary at the Italian banking house of John Oprandi. Young Moffett broke the plate-glass window in the office, and got into the bank by crawling through the hole he made. He broke open the cash drawer and secured $5.95 in money.

The boy is an inordinate cigarette smoker, and his craving for tobacco has caused him, he says, to commit the robberies in order that he can obtain money with which to buy cigarettes.

EX-PRESIDENT AS POLICEMAN.

Mr. Benjamin Harrison Gives Chase to Two Thieves, Catching One.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind. (Special).—While ex-President Benjamin Harrison was taking his evening walk a few days ago near his home, Mrs. D. H. Smith, a neighbor, ran up to him, crying: "Oh! Mr. Harrison, those two men there have robbed my house. They have the plunder in that bag."

She pointed to two men who were hurrying away. Mr. Harrison ran after them, crying to them to stop, but they kept on. He hailed two men in a buggy which was passing. Quickly telling them the situation, he jumped into the buggy and gave chase to the flying men. The latter were overtaken and Mr. Harrison jumped out and caught one, but the other escaped.

SPANIARDS MURDERED BY CUBANS.

General Castellanos Says That Ex-Volunteers are Being Killed in Santa Clara.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—Ex-Captain General Castellanos has complained to Governor-General Brooke that the Cubans in Sana Clara Province are murdering Spanish ex-volunteers. He says that eight were killed in one week.

General Brooke referred the matter to General Bates, Military Governor of Santa Clara, with directions that "prompt measures be taken to punish the guilty and to prevent the recurrence of similar acts."

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Lord Salisbury detests walking.

Admiral Schley frequently amuses himself by painting in water colors.

General Wheeler used the same spurs in the war with Spain that he used in the Civil War.

Queen Victoria is a large stockholder in the Commercial Cable and Postal Telegraph Company.

Count Tolstoi declares that he has to thank his bicycle and his vegetarian diet for the robust health which he enjoys at the age of seventy.

The Military Order of the Foreign Wars of the United States will present to Admiral Dewey the gold insignia of the Order, of which he is a member.

Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, is said to be one of the greatest readers in the Senate. All new books, especially history and fiction, are at once purchased by him.

Peter Dunne, the author of the Dooley sketches, first came into notice as a newspaper humorist on the Chicago Evening Post. About a year ago he became the managing editor of the Chicago Journal.

Representative White, of North Carolina, the only colored man in the House, has few of the facial characteristics of his race. He is a lawyer, a graduate of Howard University, and is described as modest and unassuming.

William B. Allison, of Iowa, is now the grand old man of the United States Senate. His Congressional career, which dates back to 1865, includes four consecutive terms in the House, and he is now serving his fifth consecutive term in the Senate.

General Marcus P. Miller, who is in command of the Iloilo expedition, has been in the army since 1853, and will reach the age-limit next March. During the Civil War he was brevetted Captain, Major, Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel for gallantry.

Major-General Ludlow, the Military Governor of Havana, is especially well fitted to carry out the work proposed by the late Colonel George E. Waring, Jr. Although General Ludlow's reputation has been won chiefly as a civil engineer, he is regarded as one of the leading sanitary experts in this country.

Nubar Pasha, formerly Prime Minister of Egypt, died at Paris, France. Nuba Pasha was born of Christian Armenian parents at Smyrna in 1825, was educated in France and Switzerland and entered the Egyptian service under Mehemet Ali, whose interpreter he became. He was made a Pasha and Foreign Minister in 1866 and Prime Minister at the demand of the Western Powers in 1878 for the purpose of establishing financial reforms.

CYCLING NOTES.

French cyclists want the gradient of the hills indicated on the danger boards.

It is said that bicycles are going out of favor in England, especially among society people.

Japan, not to be behind other countries, uses bicycles in its postal and telegraph departments.

During the past five years one accident insurance company has made payments for cycle accidents amounting to $65,000.

It is the general opinion among the bicycle trade that during 1899 the exports of American wheels will be double that of 1898.

An Essex (England) cyclist has patented the idea of forming the spokes of gears or chain wheels in the shape of the letters composing the name of the makers.

Over $75,000 in purses for professional riders has been offered by the American Cycle Racing Association in a period covering only a little over two years at thirty-seven race meets.

The increasing tendency toward the use of higher gears and longer cranks is even now noticeable on the roads. There seems little doubt that a majority of riders find it more comfortable to push harder and move the legs slower.

Bicyclers will have a new toe clip which is hinged to the side of the pedals and has extensions on the front and rear which spring the clip into place, when touched by the foot, the pedal always being balanced for use either side up.

Americans, having had a fill of sprint racing and of middle-distance racing, are now turning to long-distance cycling, just as they did in England. Next season this country will probably see a run of twenty-four-hour outdoor events, both paced and unpaced.

Gears as low as sixty-three and sixty-four have almost disappeared. Even the women on drop frames are now riding wheels geared from seventy to eighty, with long cranks. The longer cranks give greater leverage, but when a woman uses them the motion suggests power more than grace.

If rust has made its anpearance on the plated parts of your bicycle while the machine has been stored away for the winter, it may be easily removed by rubbing the parts affected with sweet oil and letting it remain for a day or two. Then rub it well over with powdered whiting on a cloth until the rust is removed.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Twenty-six thousand men are employed at the Krupp gunworks in Germany.

San Francisco (Cal.) labor unions are agitating the building of a labor temple.

The Cincinnati building trades propose the united action by the leaders of organizations that demand the eight-hour work day.

Judge Wentworth, of Boston, has decided that a laboring man has a lien against a municipality for work done on the streets.

The American Federation of Labor has decided to send an organizer into the South during the year for the purpose of organizing colored men.

The power of the trades unions is gone so far as Great Britain is concerned. The British employers are forming a gigantic combination to fight the workmen with their own weapons.

The Trades Council, in session at Oxford, England, passed a resolution heartily approving the scheme for establishing a college for labor leaders at Oxford, to be known as Ruskin Hall.

A labor bill passed by the Kansas Legislature in its extra session creates a State association of miners, whose secretary, to be chosen by the association, is to perform the duties hitherto devolved upon the State Mine Inspector.

Glassworkers and coal miners of Charleroi, Penn., have formed an association to conduct a co-operative store. The first and second floors will be used for the mercantile and grocery business, and the third floor for a public hall.

The ninth annual report of the factory inspector of Pennsylvania, James Campbell, chief, for the year ending October 30, 1898, shows a marked increase in the work. The report states that 18,228 inspections were made; also 4000 official visits, 14,383 orders were issued, and 13,183 compliances to time report were issued.

EAGAN TO STAND TRIAL.

The President Orders a Court-martial For the Commissary-General.

GENERAL MILES WILL TESTIFY.

The President Announced His Decision to the Cabinet—General Eagan Will Be Tried For His Conduct Toward the Commanding Officer of the Army—General Miles a Witness.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President announced at the Cabinet meeting on Tuesday that he had directed the court-martial of Commissary-General Eagan for violation of the Articles of War in his statements before the Investigation Commission.

The President made no extended comment in announcing his decision to the Cabinet, saying briefly that he thought this was the only course open to him consistent with his duties as Commander-in-Chief of

BRIGADIER-GENERAL CHARLES P. EAGAN.

the Army. The Cabinet officials without exception were gratified that the determination to convene a court-martial had been reached.

The idea that General Miles might decline to appear as a witness before the court-martial in the anticipated contingency that General Eagan will pursue a line of defence alleging sufficient provocation for his foul language is said to be unwarranted. On the contrary, the commanding General will not be averse to obeying a summons from the court, if only for the opportunity of correcting a misapprehension which has been industriously created, that in his testimony he made characterizations of General Eagan personally to which exception could be taken. It is understood that General Miles is not only willing, but anxious, to have a tribunal composed exclusively of army officers pass on the course he has pursued, confident that it will meet with thorough approbation.

General Eagan Revises His Testimony.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Colonel Alexander, of Commissary-General Eagan's office appeared before the War Investigating Commission a few days ago with a communication from General Eagan accompanying the revised statement of his recent testimony, in which he attacked Major-General Miles. It was announced that General Eagan's letter of transmittal made formal apology to the commission for the harsh language used in the first statement. This, together with the revised statement, was accepted by the commission, and a communication to that effect was addressed by the commission to General Eagan.

FOSTER M. VOORHEES INAUGURATED

He Accepts the Seal of State in the Presence of 3000 People.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—Foster M. Voorhees was inaugurated Governor of New Jersey on Tuesday in the presence of 3000 people.

The ceremony took place in the Taylor Opera House, which was crowded. General Bird Spencer was master of ceremonies, and the ushers were uniformed members of the National Guard. Colonel Alexander C. Oliphant acted as Governor Voorhee's personal aide.

Assemblyman Squire, of Union County, presided. Prayer was offered by President Patton, of Princeton. Chief Justice Magie administered the oath of office, and then a salute of seventeen guns was fired by a detachment of the Seventh Regiment. Acting-Governor Watkins delivered to Governor Voorhees the great seal, and the Governor then delivered his inaugural address.

Governor Voorhees declared in favor of controlling public institutions by non-partisan boards, pledged himself to economy in public expenditure, and suggested the surrender to municipalities by the State treasury of a portion of the surplus with which to reduce local taxes. He recommended legislation to prevent corporations from watering stock, and declared that the State Reformatory at Rahway should be completed.

Governor Stone Inaugurated.

HARRISBURG, Penn. (Special).—Governor William A. Stone was inaugurated on Tuesday. The oath was administered by Justice Henry Williams of the State Supreme Court, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, who were assembled on a large stand erected at the west front of the Capitol.

In his inaugural address, the Governor pointed out the necessity for economy in the making of appropriations, and said he would not hesitate to recommend a reduction of the annual appropriation to the public schools in case of necessity.

Governor McMillin Inaugurated.

NASHVILLE, Tenn. (Special).—In the hall of the House of Representatives in the presence of an immense throng Benton McMillin was inaugurated Governor of Tennessee. After prayer by the Rev. John Matthews, of McKendree Church, Governor Taylor delivered his farewell address. Governor-elect McMillin then spoke, and at the conclusion of his address he took the oath of office, which was administered by Chief Justice Snodgrass, of the Supreme Court.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras...	$ —	@	$ 19
Firsts	17½	@	18½
Thirds to seconds	14	@	17
State—Thirds to firsts	14	@	17½
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	17
Imitation Creamery	13	@	16½
Factory, fresh firsts	13¾	@	14
Low grades	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	9¾	@	10½
Small	11	@	11½
Part skims, good to prime	6	@	6½
Full skims	3½	@	4
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	21	@	24
State and Penn—Fresh	21	@	21½
Western—Choice	—	@	21
Southern—Choice	20½	@	21
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	—	@	1 50
Medium, 1898	—	@	1 32½
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 27½
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 75	@	1 80
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 85	@	1 90
Yellow eye	1 50	@	1 55
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	2 30	@	2 35
Green peas, bags	—	@	92½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Greenings, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	2 50	@	3 75
Spy, ₱ bbl	2 50	@	4 00
Grapes, Catawba, ₱ basket	10	@	15
Niagara, ₱ basket	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	5 00	@	7 50
Jersey, ₱ bbl	4 50	@	5 00
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	18	@	19
Fair to prime	16	@	17½
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	19	@	20
Common to prime	13	@	18
Old odds	3	@	7
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	—	@	10½
Chickens, ₱ lb	—	@	9½
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	6½
Turkeys, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Ducks, ₱ pair	50	@	65
Geese, ₱ pair	1 00	@	1 37
Pigeons, ₱ pair	20	@	25
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	8	@	12
Chickens, Phila	11	@	15
Jersey	10	@	13
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	10	@	11
Ducks, Western	5	@	9
Nearby, ₱ lb	9	@	10
Geese, Western, ₱ lb	5	@	8
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 75	@	3 75
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	60	@	65
Clover mixed	42½	@	52½
Straw—Long rye	30	@	50
Short rye	—	@	—
Oat	—	@	—
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey, ₱ bbl	1 12	@	1 50
Sweet, ₱ bbl	1 25	@	2 00
Cabbages, ₱ 100	2 00	@	4 00
Onions, Conn. white, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	5 50
Red and yellow, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	2 25
Egg plant, ₱ bbl	2 50	@	5 00
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier	1 00	@	3 50
Squash, marrow, ₱ bbl	—	@	50
Turnips, Russia, ₱ bbl	60	@	75
Green peas, Fla., ₱ basket	1 00	@	5 00
Cauliflower, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	6 00
String beans, ₱ crate	1 00	@	2 00
Lettuce, Fla., ₱ bbl	1 50	@	3 50
Brussels sprouts, ₱ qt	5	@	15
Celery, ₱ doz	5	@	40
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 75	@	4 00
Spring Patents	3 85	@	4 10
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	—	@	78¾
No. 2 Red	—	@	79¾
Corn—No. 2	43⅜	@	43¾
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	35½
Track mixed	34	@	35
Rye—Western	—	@	65½
State	—	@	65
Lard—City steam	5.20c	@	5.25c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7½	@	9
Calves, city dressed	9	@	12
Country dressed	7	@	10
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	—	@	4 25
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	—	@	5 40
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	3 60	@	4 00
Country dressed	3½	@	6

NEW YORK'S FINANCIAL POWER.

The Views of the Governor of the Union Bank of London.

LONDON (By Cable).—At the semi-annual meeting of the Union Bank of London a few days ago Mr. Schuester, the Governor, during the course of his report, said the United States had become a most important factor, which must not be overlooked in forecasting the future. He added that the remarkable activity of trade in the United States, after a successful war and prospective new markets, together with abundant harvests, had created an unprecedented trade balance in favor of that country, which had already made itself felt on this side, and for the first time he believed it might be said that it was not Europe which had financed the United States, but New York which had financed Europe.

During the last few months the United States had loaned a considerable amount of cash, and its discounts in London and Berlin and its power to obtain gold for very large amounts whenever it chose must not be lost sight of.

OUR FOREIGN TRADE IN 1898.

Exports, $1,233,600,636; Imports, $633,664,634—In Our Favor, $599,936,002.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The imports of merchandise in the month of December were valued at $53,821,489, an increase of $2,315,526 over those of December, 1897, and for the twelve months ended December 31, $633,664,634 a decrease of $108,930,595 compared with the previous year.

The exports of domestic merchandise in December were valued at $135,509,066, exceeding by $12,455,983 those of the same month of 1897. For the twelve months ending December 31 the value of the exports was $1,233,600,636, an increase of $153,766,340 over those of the previous year. The balance of trade in favor of the United States for the year just ended was $599,936,002, or $262,696,935 more than the year 1897.

A Meat Famine in Africa.

Owing to the terrible ravages of the rinderpest and the prolonged drought, South Africa is threatened with a meat famine. During the year ended May 31 last, according to a report from United States Consul Stowe at Capetown, there was a terrible loss of cattle and sheep. All over the country the farmers are selling their breeding stock for slaughter and the price of meat is rapidly rising. American flour and cornmeal are being imported, the demand for the latter being beyond the supply. Altogether, says the Consul, the outlook for a large trade with the United States in cereals is good.

CZAR'S PLANS FOR PEACE.

The Russian Foreign Minister on the Coming Congress.

SUGGESTIONS FOR DISARMAMENT.

An Interchange of Ideas by the Powers Asked For—Suggested Agreement Not to Increase Armies or Navies; to Find Means of Reducing Them; to Interdict the Use of Terrible Explosives.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia (By Cable).—Count Muravieff, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has addressed another circular to the powers, expressing the opinion that despite the clouding of the political horizon since his first circular and the fact that some governments are preparing to increase their armaments, the convocation of a peace congress is still desirable. The Russian Government thinks it possible and advisable to have a preliminary interchange of ideas by the various Cabinets for the purpose of preparing the way for diplomatic discussion.

Count Muravieff suggests that it is desirable to arrive at an understanding on the following points, namely: To agree not to increase naval or military forces and the corresponding budgets for a fixed period; second, to endeavor to find means of reducing the forces and budgets in the future; third, to interdict the use of any new weapon or explosive of a power fuller than now made; fourth, to restrict the use of the most terrible of existing explosives, and to forbid the throwing of any explosives from balloons or similarly; fifth, to forbid the employment of submarine torpedoes and similar contrivances; sixth, to undertake not to construct vessels with rams; seventh, to apply the Geneva convention to naval warfare; eighth, to neutralize vessels saving those wrecked in naval battles; ninth, to revise the declaration concerning the laws and customs of war elaborated at Brussels in 1874; tenth, to accept the principle of mediation and arbitration in such cases as lend themselves thereto.

The circular reaffirms that nothing touching existing political relations shall be discussed. It suggests that the ultimate conference be held at the capital of a secondary power, probably Brussels or Copenhagen.

DINGLEY'S IMPOSING FUNERAL.

President Attends the Services Held in the House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—An impressive state funeral was given the late Representative Nelson Dingley at noon on Monday in the House of Representatives, where he has so long been such a commanding figure. The President, his Cabinet, distinguished members of the Diplomatic Corps, members of the Supreme Court, Senate and House, and distinguished men in military and civil life were ranged about his bier on the floor of the hall, while the galleries were occupied by the families of those who sat upon the floor, and other prominent personages invited to be present.

The casket was placed on a bier in the area in front of the marble rostrum of the Speaker, and for an hour the public, which would have no opportunity to witness the official ceremonies later, was allowed to view the remains as they lay in state. At the head of the casket was a magnificent wreath of orchids and lilies-of-the-valley, tied with deep purple ribbons, which had been sent by the President.

At noon Speaker Reed called the House to order. Immediately thereafter the Vice-President and the Senate were announced. They were followed by the Diplomatic Corps, all in mourning attire. Then followed the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court in their black robes, and they in turn were followed by the President with his Cabinet. Across the aisle from the Presidential party sat the family of the deceased representing three generations.

When all were seated, from out of the loft in the rear of the press gallery the notes of an organ echoed through the hall. It was the first time in the history of the House of Representatives that music had been heard in it. A quartette sang impressively "Crossing the Bar." It was a very simple service. The Rev. S. M. Newman read the fourteenth chapter of St. John and spoke of the deep solemnity of the occasion. The Rev. Dr. Coudan, the blind chaplain of the House, made a touching prayer and the exercises were concluded with the singing by the quartette, to the organ accompaniment, of "Jesus, Lover of My Soul."

The body lay in state in the hall of the House until shortly before the time for the departure of the special train which conveyed the remains and the party to Lewiston, where the funeral services were held and the body laid in its last resting place.

A PHILIPPINE COMMISSION.

President McKinley Appoints a Board to Investigate the Islands.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—A commission has been appointed by the President to inquire into the social, economic and industrial conditions of the Philippine Islands and to report to him.

The Commission is as follows: Rear-Admiral Dewey, Major-General E. S. Otis, Professor J. G. Schurman, President of Cornell University; Colonel Charles Denby, former Minister to China, and Dean C. Worcester, of Ann Arbor University.

The Commission will not be asked to recommend a form of government, as was the Hawaiian Commission. Its labors will be confined to an investigation into the character of the people, methods of living, habits, customs and capacity for self-government. It will be expected also to secure such information on the general condition of the islands as they may deem advisable. It is expected that the Commission will make a complete tour of the important islands, visiting the interior and the chief towns.

The commission is not subject to the confirmation of the United States Senate, but has been named under reserved authority of the President, and its expenses will be paid out of the war appropriations.

The three Commissioners will leave for Manila about February 1.

Spanish Flag Raises a Row.

The raising of a Spanish flag in Havana, Cuba, nearly precipitated a riot on Sunday, the crowd being dispersed by a charge of American troops with fixed bayonets.

NICARAGUA CANAL BILL

Senate Passes the Measure by an Overwhelming Majority.

THE WATERWAY TO BE NEUTRAL.

The Provisions of the Government's Proposed Agreement With the Maritime Canal Company—Only Six Senators Voted Against the Bill—Cost of the Work is Limited to $115,000,000.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Senate on Saturday passed the Nicaragua Canal bill. A number of amendments were made to the bill, and there were innumerable short speeches during the day. There was, however, no opposition to a vote when the time came and a roll call developed only six votes in opposition to final passage.

The bill, as it passed, continues the name of the Maritime Canal Company. It provides for the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of stock of $100 each. The canal company is required to call in all the stock issued except that held by the Nicaraguan and Costa Rican Governments. The company is also required to redeem and cancel all bonds and scrip heretofore issued by the company and to satisfy all cash liabilities. To enable the company to comply with this requirement, Treasury warrants to the amount of $5,000,000 are authorized, with a proviso to the effect that only so much of the amount shall be paid as shall be required to pay the usual cash value of the rights, privileges, franchises and property at the time of the payment, the value to be determined by Commissioners to be appointed by the President.

This being done, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to subscribe for 925,000 shares of the company's stock for the Government of the United States. The Board of Directors of the company is to consist of eleven directors, of whom nine are to be appointed by the President of the United States, one by Nicaragua and one by Costa Rica. Directors appointed by the President are not to be interested in any way in any contract connected with the construction or operation of the canal. The directors are each to receive $5000 per year, except the President of the Board, who is to receive $6000.

The company, with the consent and approval of the President of the United States, is authorized to contract with responsible persons, citizens of the United States, for the construction, completion and equipment of the canal within a period of six years from the passage of the act. The work is to be under the constant and immediate supervision of the engineer department of the United States army and is not to exceed in cost $115,000,000, which amount is appropriated out of the Treasury of the United States and made a permanent appropriation.

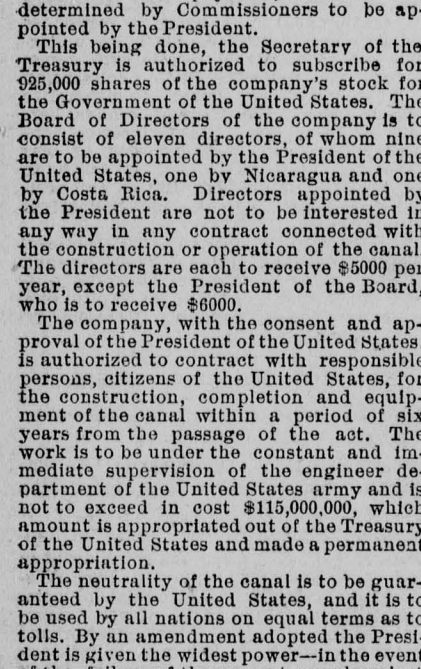
The neutrality of the canal is to be guaranteed by the United States, and it is to be used by all nations on equal terms as to tolls. By an amendment adopted the President is given the widest power—in the event of the failure of the present canal project—to negotiate for the control of and for the right to construct and perpetually control some other canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific. The President is requested to negotiate for the abrogation of any treaty obligations that may in any way interfere with the ownership and perpetual control of such canal.

The six votes against the bill were cast by Senators Bate (Dem., Tenn.), Caffery (Dem., La.), Cockerell (Dem., Mo.), Mantle (Sil., Mont.), Martin (Dem., Va.), and Smith (Dem., N. J.).

PAYNE SUCCEEDS DINGLEY.

He Is Appointed the Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Speaker Reed has appointed Mr. Payne, of New York, to the Chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee, to succeed the late Mr. Dingley. This carries with it the floor



CONGRESSMAN SERENO E. PAYNE.

leadership of the majority. Mr. Payne is not only the senior and ranking member of the committee, but has been one of its most industrious, able and useful members for nearly ten years.

ARRIVAL OF RUSSIAN QUAKERS.

Two Thousand Settle in Canada to Enjoy the Blessings of Freedom.

HALIFAX, N. S. (Special).—The steamship Lake Huron, with 2000 of the 5000 Russian Quakers who are emigrating to the Canadian Northwest, arrived here a few days ago. The steamer then proceeded to St. John, N. B., where the passengers landed and went by rail to their future home. The Lake Huron had a good passage.

The Doukhobors were greeted by a party of their representatives in America, notably Russian Prince Hickoff. At the sight of the Prince the people on the crowded decks coming to their new western home in search of the same freedom that the Pilgrim Fathers sought broke into a hymn. On the deck the Prince, among the multitude of old men, young men, women and children, led in thanksgiving to the Almighty for the safe voyage. There are many picturesque and interesting characters in the crowd.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures agreed to report a banking and currency bill, the chief features of which are an emphatic declaration for the gold standard and a provision for the gradual retirement of greenbacks.

President McKinley has approved the charges and specifications in the case of Brigadier-General Charles P. Eagan.

The House has concurred in the Senate amendment to the bill creating an additional Judge for the Sixth Circuit. The amendment added another Judge for the Fifth Circuit, and the action of the House passes the bill.

Senator Platt (Rep., Conn.) has been appointed to fill the vacancy on the Board of the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution made by the death of Senator Morrill, of Vermont.

The House Committee on Postoffice and Post Roads not only restored the appropriation for the pneumatic tube service which was stricken from the Postoffice appropriation, but removed the restriction as to the cities where the appropriation shall be expended and increased the amount to $300,000.

The House Committee on Commerce gave a hearing a few days ago to the Grace-Cragin-Eyre syndicate, which proposes to build the Nicaragua Canal under a new concession from that Goverment.

The Committee on Naval Affairs passed upon the part of the Appropriation bill relating to the purchase and manufacture of smokeless powder and struck out the word "manufacture," so that the entire amount, $1,000,000, will be available for the purchase of powder.

The Comptroller of the Currency approved an application for authority to organize the State National of St. Louis, Mo., capital $2,000,000.

Mr. Ross, Mr. Morrill's successor as Senator from Vermont, presented his credentials a few days ago and the oath of office was administered to him.

The House passed the Navy Personnel bill. Amendments provide for a Judge Advocate's corps, the abolition of prize money, the retirement of non-commissioned officers and enlisted men after thirty years' service, and a material increase of the Marine Corps.

Domestic.

Z. G. Simmons, of Kenosha, Wis., will erect a monument to the memory of the soldiers and sailors of the Civil War. The cost of the monument will be $10,000.

Miss Fannie Condit, fifty-three years of age, of East Orange, N. J., was killed in a bicycle accident a few days ago. She had just alighted from a car, and stepped in front of a bicycle ridden by John H. Thomas, of East Orange. Her skull was fractured, and she lived but three hours after the accident. Thomas was arrested.

The bank at Arthur, Ill., was robbed of $4000 a few nights ago. Six men overpowered the night watchman, bound and gagged him, and tied him in a back room. The robbers blew open the safe with dynamite and secured the money.

The Illinois Legislature has passed a joint resolution thanking Miss Helen Gould for her untiring devotion to the American soldiers in the war with Spain.

Captain Charles E. Clark, formerly of the warship Oregon, at Asheville, N. C., refused to be elected a member of the local humane society.

Captain Glass, late commander of the Charleston, who returned from Manila on the steamer Rio de Janeiro, will take charge of the naval coaling station now being constructed on Goat Island, in San Francisco Harbor.

Frank Mareno, twenty-four years old, of Newark, N. J., was shot and instantly killed by Nuncio Salvatore, his father-in-law. Frank Mareno was insanely jealous, and beat his child wife frequently and unmercifully, though she gave him no cause for his action. He was killed while savagely attacking his wife. Salvatore was arrested.

In the Illinois House of Representatives a few days ago Mr. Abbott offered a resolution thanking Miss Helen Gould, of New York, for her effort to ameliorate the condition of the sick and wounded soldiers during the war with Spain. It was adopted.

Benjamin I. Greenebaum, Secretary of Michael Greenebaum Sons Company, building contractors, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States District Court, Chicago, a few days ago, scheduling liabilities at $566,199, with nominal assets.

Max Wolff, President of the Palace Ribbon Manufacturing Company, was seriously shot by Morris C. Seinderstein, until recently foreman in his mill, as he was leaving his office a few nights ago in South Allentown, Penn. Seinderstein was arrested and put under $5000 bail. Seinderstein is sixty-six years old and Wolff forty.

The converted yacht Eagle sailed from Norfolk, Va., a few days ago. She will proceed to Cuban waters, where she will be employed upon coast and harbor survey duty. The Eagle has been overhauled, refitted and painted white.

County Judge Skipton, of Fillmore County, Ill., was fined $50 by the Legislature in the contempt proceedings instituted by that body. The Legislature had ordered the Judge to forward the election returns of the Sixty-seventh Legislative District to Lincoln for the Legislature to pass upon the case. This he refused to do, and was cited to appear and show cause why he should not be fined for contempt. A minority report supported Judge Skipton.

Results of the voting on the woman suffrage amendment in the November elections in the State of Washington, according to the official count, were 20,171 votes for, 30,497 against and 24,987 ignoring the amendment, the majority against woman suffrage being 10,326, with 75,654 votes cast.

Professor George H. Bell, well known as a Seventh Day Adventist, and the oldest professor in the National College of Battle Creek, Mich., was killed by his horse running away.

The residence of Charles Null, at Kokomo, Ind., was wrecked by a natural gas explosion. Mrs. Null was fatally burned. Mrs. Marion Smith and Miss Elizabeth Burns suffered from severe burns about the face and arms. The explosion was caused by an accumulation of gas in the cellar, into which Mrs. Null went with a lighted lamp.

W. M. Rhinesmith and John Fredericks were killed and a number of others severely injured in a railroad accident at Greenwood Lake, N. J., a few days ago. A car leaped from the rails and rolled down an embankment.

Foreign.

Some of the ruffians who maltreated Mr. Gottfried, an American citizen, and his family, living in Peru, have been captured, and the Government has ordered the others pursued with energy.

The Infanta Eulalia, aunt of the King of Spain, is visiting England. She was the guest of the Princess of Wales at Sandringham a few days ago.

TO GOVERN THE SOUDAN.

An Agreement Between Great Britain and Egypt as to Control.

GOVERNOR GENERAL REAL RULER.

The British and Egyptian Flags Will Be Raised Together in all the Reconquered Provinces—The Slave Trade is Absolutely Prohibited—Conditions Under Which Commerce Will be Carried On.

CAIRO, Egypt (By Cable).—The Official Gazette has published a convention between Great Britain and Egypt relating to the future government of the reconquered Soudan provinces.

After reciting that the provinces were reconquered by the joint military and financial efforts of the British and Khedivial Governments, and setting forth the desire to give effect to the claims that have accrued to Her Britannic Majesty's Government by right of conquest, the convention proceeds as follows:

"It is hereby agreed and declared between the undersigned, duly authorized, that the word Soudan in this agreement means all the territories south of the twenty-second parallel of latitude which have never been evacuated by the Egyptian troops since 1882, or which, having been administered by the Khedive's Government prior to the late rebellion, were temporarily lost to Egypt and have been reconquered by the British and Egyptian Governments acting in concert, or which may hereafter be reconquered by the two Governments acting in concert.

"The British and Egyptian flags shall be used together on both land and water throughout the Soudan, except in Suakim, where the Egyptian flag alone shall be used.

"The supreme military and civil command in the Soudan shall be vested in one officer, termed the Governor-General, appointed by Khedivial decree, with the consent of Great Britain, and to be removed only by Khedivial decree with the consent of Great Britain."

The next clause gives the Governor-General absolute power to make, alter or abrogate by proclamation laws, orders or regulations for the good government of the Soudan, and for the regulation, holding and disposal of property of every kind situate in the Soudan. But all such proclamations must forthwith be notified to the Agent of Her Britannic Majesty at Cairo and to the President of the Khedivial Council.

Regarding the conditions under which Europeans shall be permitted to trade, reside or hold property in the Soudan, the convention says:

"No special privileges shall be accorded the subjects of any one or more Powers. Import duties shall not be levied on goods from Egyptian territory, but they shall be leviable on goods from elsewhere. In the case of goods entering the Soudan at Suakim, or any other Red Sea port, the duties must not exceed the amount leviable upon foreign goods entering Egypt. Duties may be levied upon goods leaving the Soudan, the rates to be prescribed by proclamation."

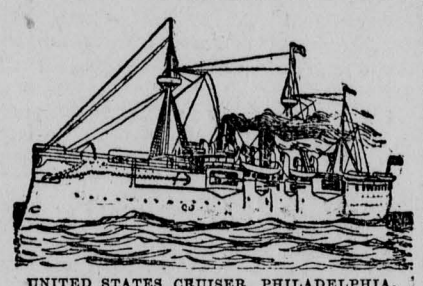
No consular agents shall be accredited to or allowed to reside in the Soudan without the previous consent of Great Britain. The importation or exportation of slaves is absolutely prohibited.

The convention, which is dated at Cairo, January 18, 1899, is signed by the Khedivial Minister of Foreign Affairs, Boutros Pacha Ghali, and by Lord Cromer, British Agent and Consul-General in Egypt.

PHILADELPHIA ORDERED TO SAMOA

The Administration Takes Steps to Maintain Its Rights in the Island.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The situation in Samoa is considered so grave by the Administration that the Navy Department has issued orders for the cruiser Philadelphia to proceed to Apia at once to represent the United States interests there. The Philadelphia, with Admiral Kautz on board, arrived on Thursday at San Diego, Cal.



UNITED STATES CRUISER PHILADELPHIA.

The commander of the Philadelphia will act in conformity with the instructions of the United States Consul so far as those instructions are in line with the treaty of Berlin, which the United States contends must be literally enforced until amended. It would take the Philadelphia about sixteen days to make the run from San Diego to Apia, touching at Honolulu for coal.

Great Britain to Send Warships.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand (By Cable).—Owing to the trouble at Samoa growing out of the election of a successor to the late King Malietoa three British warships have been ordered to the island.

AWAKENED BY TORTURE.

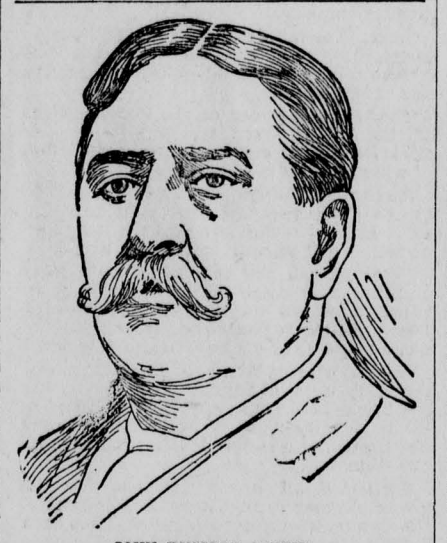
A Girl's Neck and Shoulders Burned With Heated Aluminum Points.

MONTREAL, Quebec (Special).—Miss Eva Roch, the victim of the twenty-eight days of lethargic sleep following an attack of hysterics, was awakened a few days ago by Drs. Rivet, Simard and Lauzon, who applied actual cautery on the neck and along the spinal column down to the middle of the shoulders. At the first three or four burns applied the young woman revived and uttered a faint moan as if suffering from pain. The operation was continued until about fifty applications had been made, but lightly. She was then perfectly conscious and seemed surprised at the sight of the doctors. "My God, my God," she exclaimed in a weak voice, "what has happened?" She recognized her parents. The doctors are satisfied that she was perfectly unconscious of all that took place during her long sleep. The points used in burning her were made of aluminum and heated in a joined benzine and alcohol flame.

JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG DEAD.

The Head of the Congressional Library Passes Away at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—John Russell Young, Librarian of the Congressional Library, died at his residence here at 9.40 o'clock Tuesday morning after an illness of several weeks.



JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG.

Mr. Young has had a notable career as journalist, diplomatist and public official. He was born in Downingtown, Penn., on November 20, 1841. His first work was for the Philadelphia Press, in 1857, as copy-boy. In 1866 he became managing editor of the New York Tribune.

In 1872 Young became the European representative of the New York Herald. In 1877 General Grant started upon his memorable trip around the world, and Young joined the party. Mr. Young was sent by President Arthur in 1882 as Minister to China. When the new library of Congress was completed, President McKinley named Mr. Young on July 1, 1897, as Librarian.

THE SENATORIAL ELECTIONS.

Chauncey M. Depew is Formally Elected by the New York Legislature.

ALBANY, N. Y. (Special).—Chauncey M. Depew was elected United States Senator on Wednesday in both houses of the Legislature. He had a majority of twenty-eight over Edward Murphy, Jr., his Democratic opponent. The votes stood as follows: Senate—Depew, 27; Murphy, 23. Assembly—Depew, 84; Murphy, 60.

Hale Re-Elected in Maine.

AUGUSTA, Me. (Special).—Eugene Hale was re-elected United States Senator by concurrent vote of the two branches of the Legislature Wednesday afternoon. The coming term will be Mr. Hale's fourth in the Senate.

Senator Burrows Re-elected.

LANSING, Mich. (Special).—Both branches of the Michigan Legislature balloted Tuesday for United States Senator, and re-elected Senator Julius C. Burrows.

Henry Cabot Lodge Re-elected.

BOSTON (Special).—The Legislature balloted for United States Senator on Tuesday and Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, the Republican nominee, received heavy majorities in both houses.

Hawley Elected in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn. (Special).—The Connecticut General Assembly Tuesday voted for United States Senator. Joseph R. Hawley was elected in both branches.

Minnesota Re-Elects Davis.

ST. PAUL, Minn. (Special).—Cushman K. Davis on Tuesday received a majority in the Legislature for re-election as United States Senator.

Cockrell Re-elected in Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo. (Special).—Francis Marion Cockrell was re-elected United States Senator by the Legislature on Wednesday. Mr. Cockrell is about completing his fourth term in the Senate.

Beveridge Elected in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind. (Special.) Albert J. Beveridge was elected United States Senator on Tuesday by the General Assembly.

GENERAL BROOKE'S CUBAN CABINET.

The Governor-General Appoints Four Secretaries to Act as Civil Advisers.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—Governor-General Brooke has decided to form a Cabinet of civil advisers, and to have four secretaries—the first, of State and Government; the second, of Finance; the third, of Justice and Public Instruction; the fourth, of Agriculture, Industry, Commerce and Public Works.

The executive control, of course, will remain entirely in the hands of General Brooke, the secretaries being to him a Council of Administration. In this way the Cubans will be prepared for self-government. General Brooke will proceed entirely upon the theory of ultimate self-government.

Governor-General Brooke has made the following appointments to the newly constituted Cabinet of advisers to the Administration: Department of Government, Domingo Mendez Capote; Department of Finance, Pablo Dosvernine; Department of Justice and Public Instruction, Jose Antonio Gonzalez Lanuza; Department of Agriculture, Industry, Commerce and Public Works, Adolfo Saenz Yanez.

FIVE BOYS DROWNED.

They Coasted on to an Ice Pond and Went Through the Surface.

SCRANTON, Penn. (Special).—Five boys living in South Gibson, a small village six miles from New Bedford and reached only by stage, were drowned on Tuesday. When school was dismissed for the lunch hour, instead of going home six pupils obtained a sled and started to coast down a hill.

The "run" extended upon a millpond the ice of which was thin. Five boys jumped on the sled, the sixth pushing them. They had gone only a short distance on the ice when it began to break, precipitating those upon the sled into the water. The boy pushing escaped. Instead of notifying the people of the village he ran back to the schoolhouse and informed the teacher, who could render no assistance. Some time after several larger boys from the village, hearing of the accident, went to the scene, but arrived too late to save the unfortunates. The boys drowned are: Merritt Rogers, Gaylord Pritchard, Jay Tripp, Willie Holmes, Myrtle Powell. They ranged in age from seven to ten years.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

A cubic foot of newly-fallen snow weighs five pounds and a half, and has twelve times the bulk of an equal weight of water.

Only about two minutes are required for the blood to course through the heart, thence to the lungs, back to the heart, and then through the entire body and return to the heart.

Vines grow at the height of 2380 feet above the level of the sea, trees at 6700 feet, shrubs at 8500 feet, a few plants at 10,500 feet, beyond which are a few lichens, and vegetation ceases entirely at the height of 11,000 feet amid Arctic cold.

Human beings are of all sizes, but the tall man is less common than the short one; only one man in every 208 exceeds six feet. For every foot of stature a man should weigh from twenty-six to twenty-eight pounds. An average-sized man weighs 140 pounds; a woman 125 pounds.

It is late in the year before any male wasps are permitted to develop. And so among the ants. The males are shortlived. They are practically of no account. The excavation, nursing of young, fighting, foraging for food and all the other legitimate business of the commonwealth is conducted by imperfect females.

Ocean currents, on the surface, are due to the prevailing winds either at their source or along their route. Undercurrents at sea are caused by the accumulation of water in one region in consequence of surface currents. The cause of undercurrents in small bodies of water is more obscure, but is practically the same as that in the ocean.

MANILA HEMP.

This Unique Fibre Plant a Success Only in the Philippines.

The unique fibre plant of the Philippines is not the least among our new acquisitions. We shall monopolize its production unless other tropical regions have better success in their further attempts to transplant it. Thus far Manila hemp is a commercial success only when raised in the Philippines. It is one of the chief resources of the islands, and for ten years this country has taken an average of 41 per cent. of the total exports.

From the bast, or fibrous outer leaf, comes the coarse, strong fibre which is the best material used for sailcloths and cordage. It is particularly recommended by the fact that it is not easily rotted by salt water. The fibre yielded by the inner stalks is fine and weak, and from it are woven textile fabrics superior in softness and lightness to those made of the best Russian hemp. These fabrics are seldom exported, being bought by Chinese merchants at Manila for local consumption. This useful variety of the banana plant, accordingly, yields two qualities of fibre, the one strong and coarse and the other fine, soft and pliable, and both are in great demand.

Manila hemp produces, under the best conditions, as high as 3000 pounds of fibre to the acre, and though 6,528,965 bales have been exported in the past ten years the industry is still in its infancy and is capable of enormous expansion. Its development, like all things under Spanish colonial rule, has been spasmodic and unsystematic. A recent writer on the Philippines says that under proper encouragement the Orient itself would absorb more than the entire present product. The world's markets will take several fold the quantity of fibre that is now supplied.

We shall see what American energy and ingenuity will achieve in the development of a great industry, which we may wholly control, in a land where there is not a single well-kept farm or plantation today, where there is no agricultural machinery outside the sugar mills, and where a sharpened stick does service as a plow.—New York Sun.

A Scalp Restored.

A horrible accident which occurred last August has been followed by a marvellous cure. A young laundress employed in a laundry in the Rue Vandamme was caught by the hair by an endless belt for the transmission of motive power and was literally scalped from the back of the neck to the forehead. She was taken to a neighboring chemist's shop, and afterward to the Broussals hospital. Dr. Malherbe took off the bandages and asked for the unfortunate woman's scalp. It had remained entangled in the belt and wheels, and the messenger had some difficulty in inducing the owner of the laundry to let it be touched. The laundryman believed nobody was entitled to take it down except the commissary of police. Finally, however, he gave it up. At the hospital the hair was shaved off, and the scalp was washed on both sides with soap and antiseptics, and applied to the patient's head. The operation has turned out completely successful, and marks a new and important step in surgery, since hitherto scalp wounds were only cured by grafting and by treatment which sometimes lasted for years.—Paris Correspondence of the London Post.

Five hundred men scoured Webster county, Iowa, recently on a wolf hunt, and caught one jack rabbit.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Jan. 20, "A Student's Prayer." Text, Ps. xix. 1-14.

"Let the words of my mouth and the meditation of my heart be acceptable in Thy sight, O Lord, my strength and my redeemer!"

Prayer for our young people in schools and for the blessing of God upon our institutions of learning is specially appointed for this week, and this psalm is selected as peculiarly appropriate to their condition.

We are in a world of natural and material forces and things. We must study them and learn how to live successfully in their midst. We soon learn that mind is in a great measure dependent on matter, but is superior to it in nature and can control and use it to reach its own purposeful ends. We soon learn that spirit is superior to mind and that mind and matter are to be brought under the rulership of spirit and made to serve the good, the true, the beautiful and perfect ends of the highest nature. All is under the laws of God, and His laws as perfectly regulate the heart and its emotions and volitions as in nature His hand guides the stars in their courses.

Sins are violations of God's law, are the mad leaps of a soul from its true course around the central sun; the flying of a planet from its orbit to become a comet wandering from the light into outer and utter darkness and ruin.

Only in the presence of God can we find His true pleasure and perfection. Not what men call eloquence of speech; not the beauties of rhetoric and elegancies of expression are the most valuable forms of words. Pure and simple and sincere truth, loving terms and Christlike tones are the treasures of language.

In all our search for knowledge we should strive above all else to acquire wisdom. This is higher than mere learning of things and men. It is deeper than understanding of reasons and causes and philosophies. It is the practical power of applying what is known to reaching desirable and definite ends. It is the ability to do the right.

All the gaining of ability in the right use of language depends on the possessing a right spirit. The thoughts must be pure or the words cannot be clean.

The Sweet Singer of Methodism.

Charles Wesley is only less noted in the story of Methodism than his elder brother John. They were intimately associated in all their work. They were students together at Oxford. Both belonged to the little band of devout scholars nicknamed "the Holy Club" and Methodists. Both were ordained as priests in the established church of England. Both engaged heartily in evangelistic efforts which gave rise to the Methodist societies and which have resulted in worldwide Methodism. Charles had less of executive ability than John, less boldness and foresight. He was conservative and slow to adopt any new measure which departed from the traditional practices of the church. He was an able preacher, but was specially useful as the writer of spiritual hymns. He shares with Isaac Watts the

CHARLES WESLEY.

distinction of being the most voluminous and devotional writer of sacred lyrics the world has ever seen. His tone is widely different from Watts'. Not less musical or devout, but more fervent and confident of personal communication with God. "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," is a specimen of his verse and is one of the best hymns ever written.

His poetical works, with those of John, fill 13 octavo volumes.

He was in America for a short time in early manhood. Returning to England, the vessel was driven for shelter into Boston harbor. He spent Sunday on shore and preached in King's chapel, which is still standing on Tremont street, overshadowed by the towering structures of more modern days.

He lies buried in London, but not in the grounds at City Road chapel, where John is buried. His face is engraved beside that of his brother on the marble tablet in Westminster Abbey in Poets' corner, which honors the memory of two as worthy sons as Britain ever had.

To the Public.

We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping cough. Price, 25 and 50c per bottle. Try it.—J. G. Gillam.

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.

The intense itching and smarting incident to these diseases is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites and chronic sore eyes. 25cts. per box. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

DR. CADY'S CONDITION POWDERS, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Look at me exclaimed the leading lawyer, I never took a drop of medicine in my life, and I'm as strong as any two of your patients put together.

Well, that's nothing, retorted the physician. I never went to law in my life, and I'm as rich as any two dozen of your clients put together.

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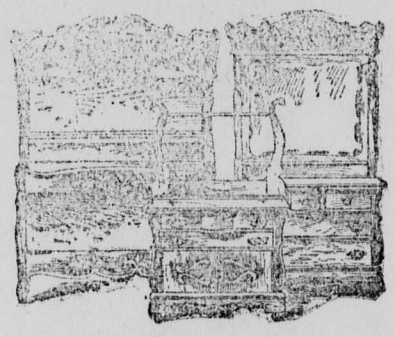

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ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the roar of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Address, F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago. 10-26-6m.

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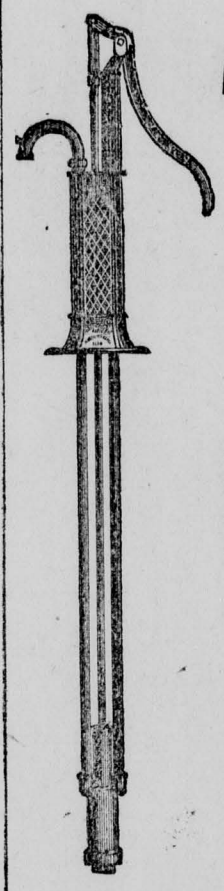

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